SENATE JOURNAL

EIGHTY-FIFTH LEGISLATURE — FIRST CALLED SESSION

AUSTIN, TEXAS

PROCEEDINGS

TENTH DAY

(Continued) (Monday, August 14, 2017)

AFTER RECESS

The Senate met at 4:09 p.m. and was called to order by the President.

PHYSICIAN OF THE DAY

Senator Campbell was recognized and presented Dr. Cristian Fernandez Falcon of San Antonio, accompanied by Dr. Maria Arbelaez, as the Physician of the Day.

The Senate welcomed Dr. Fernandez Falcon and thanked him for his participation in the Physician of the Day program sponsored by the Texas Academy of Family Physicians.

MOMENT OF SILENCE OBSERVED

At the request of Senator Watson, the Senate observed a moment of silence in honor of those who were killed and injured during the rally on August 12, 2017, in Charlottesville, Virginia.

REMARKS ORDERED PRINTED

On motion of Senator Nichols and by unanimous consent, the remarks regarding the event on August 12, 2017, in Charlottesville, Virginia, were ordered reduced to writing and printed in the *Senate Journal* as follows:

Senator Watson: Members, I rise to ask for the Senate to engage in a moment of silence for those who were killed and injured in Charlottesville, Virginia, on Saturday. Some of them stepped up to oppose the immoral hatred and bigotry and racism of the white supremacists that had descended upon Charlottesville, and they were targeted as a result. Others were public servants who stepped up to protect them, all of them. Our values should be equality, diversity, and love. They should also include the unconditional condemnation of hate and those who incite its ugly, divisive cancer. It pains me, as I know it pains you, that good Americans were harmed in the course of having to defend equality and unity. But the courage and commitment and the courage and commitment of so many others gives me hope. Because the only way to stop the scourge of hate is for good people to show up and speak out. Mr. President, I ask that we engage in a moment of silence as a representation of our shared values and to honor those injured and killed in Charlottesville. And it's my understanding that Senator Schwertner has something to say.

President: Senator Schwertner, you're recognized.

Senator Schwertner: Thank you, Mr. President. Thank you for your words, Senator Watson. These are the times that are trying for all of us as a society, as citizens of the United States. We all live under the United States Constitution, and while that Constitution grants individuals to assemble and peacefully espouse their views, it does not grant them the right to violence, to espouse views that incite violence. And unfortunately, though, it allows them to say hateful things and very narrow-minded worldview things. That First Amendment also allows us to respond in kind, to stand up and to say what we believe as a society, as Americans, as Texans. And as the representative of the Brazos Valley and Texas A&M University, I find it incumbent upon myself to stand up and say what was happening in Charlottesville is absolutely wrong. We should not stand, as you said, for bigotry, for violence, for racism. Instead, we should stand for friendship, not division; tolerance, not bigotry; and love, not hate. Thank you for your words, Senator Watson. I ask all of us to reflect on what we saw in Charlottesville and to reflect on those individuals potentially coming to Texas, to Texas A&M University, and how each and every one of us are going to respond if that occurs. Thank you, Mr. President.

President: Thank you, Senator. I know on our, my personal Facebook page, on Sunday, we were very strong, and we've had nearly 100,000 people view that post. This is something that everyone is very focused on in our state and in our country. So, thank you. Senator West, for what purpose?

Senator West: Just to make some comments, also. You know, even though as a Democrat in this body, it's been a rough summer, I'm proud to be a Senator today. Probably one of the proudest moments. Because hereto before, most instances, either they have myself or Senator Ellis, Senator Miles, or a Hispanic Senator talking about issues of hate that have gone unchecked in many corners of our society. Today, I didn't have to stand and bring this issue up. I read on the Quorum Report that Senator Schwertner plans on being at A&M, not only, I plan on being there myself. And I also understand that there will be a similar type rally held here in Austin on September the 2nd, I believe. We, as the Members of this body, in deploring types of activities that we saw on our television set last weekend, need to do everything within our power to make certain that those days gone by are not repeated. And I feel very strong that they won't be, given the, the number of people that have come out on both the Republican side and Democratic side and basically said, un-uh, we're not going back there, we're not going to do that, not here in America. And we're going to stand strong to make certain that those hate groups, be they neo-Nazi, be they Ku Klux Klan, be whatever type of terrorist, domestic terrorist groups that want to, quote, unquote, take us back to where we used to be, that we're going to stand together and make certain that that doesn't happen. So, I'm happy and I'm proud to be a Senator today, and of my colleagues here on the floor, that we're taking a few moments and making certain that we remember Heather Heyer and the two pilots that ended up dying this past weekend in Charlottesville, Virginia. So, Senator Watson, thank you for making certain that we stop a moment and reflect upon what occurred, and then we have to make certain, we have to agree upon what we're going to do as Texans to make certain that Texas values are maintained here in the State of Texas and not values of racism, fascism, or whatever the case may, all those "isms," here in the State of Texas. So, thank you very much for what you've done. Thank you, Senator Schwertner.

President: Senator Whitmire.

Senator Whitmire: Mr. President, Senator West, you're absolutely right, it's a day to be proud to be a Member of the State Senate, to display our unity and our bipartisanship. And I don't think Senator Schwertner would mind me, at 10:53 last night, one Senator reached out to another. It was me to Senator Schwertner after I read of your bold position. At 10:53 I said, I sure gained a lot of respect for you tonight. Your stance is bold and correct. Don't look back. You're on the side of right. I'm proud of our friendship. That speaks volumes about how we, without a lot of notoriety, respect each other and support one another's position. And today, at 1:00, Senator Schwertner said, thank you, Dean. Senator Watson, thank you for bringing this matter before us. I think it's such a special moment that a tragedy brings this body together as it has our nation. Thank you, Senator Schwertner, Senator West.

President: Senator Lucio.

Senator Lucio: Thank you, Senator Watson. It makes me reflect a little bit about where I've been and where I was during a time of turmoil in our country. I remember my dad looking at television and actually weeping tears, big tears coming down his eyes when, you know, there was tremendous turmoil in our country in the '60s and civil rights era where Blacks were being kept out of, you know, universities that they wanted to attend, separate but equal. He, he just could not stand for that. He talked a little bit about why he voluntarily joined the Army Air Corps at the age of 25 because he wanted to make sure that we continue to, to be a great country and so his 10 children could grow up free and in a city like, in a community like we grew up in where discrimination was just nonexistent. And I remember my dad saying to, to all of us, all 10 of us, six boys and four girls, he said look, please don't hyphenate who you are. You're an American. Be proud of our culture, yes, everybody comes from a different, a different place on Earth who came to this, to this country. And he just preached, you know, peace, for, and he prayed for peace out loud. It was a daily thing for my dad and my mom to be able to reflect on who we should be. And as you know, that was the greatest generation that some of us were very fortunate to be part of in terms of their offspring. So, I sit here at mourning, you know, for the, the families who lost loved ones, but it's, it's a much bigger issue than that. It's just like Senator Schwertner and you and Senator West, Senator Whitmire have just articulated it. It's really time for us to identify who we really are as a nation under God, and include God in our everyday activities, which we fail to do. There are many times that we go through the day without even thinking how we got here and, and the fact that we're here for a purpose. We are 31 men and women and a Lieutenant Governor and staff and the press and everyone coming together, trying to do what's right for the people of Texas and representing everyone's needs, but especially making sure that everyone takes part at whatever we're trying to do at the table of Texas. You've heard me say that over and over again. But it's time for us to show the rest of the country who we are as a state and what we believe in and what, you know, we should be doing to make sure that we stand as one, one state under God. That's what our pledge tells us to do,

that's what we pledge to. So, when I hear my colleagues get up and speak as they do, it gives me great hope that we're really heading in the right direction, as long as we bring God with us, regardless of the churches or the faith that, what you believe in. As long as you believe that God is part of what we should be doing, then we're traveling the right road, and we will get to the promised land as Martin Luther King so ably articulated, where we can be judged by our character and not by the color of our skin. I, I prayed all night long. Right now, you know, people are dying. People are dying in my community, in your community, in every community, and families are hurting. We should be praying for them, for different reasons. Some at birth, and I'll talk about that tomorrow when I find out what happened to my niece in Dallas, Texas, and other people at 92, 95 years old. So, we should come together as a body and continue to support any kind of effort that will help people belong, you know, to each one of us. I want to see that before I go. I want to see that we can have a day without death unless it's natural, we can have a day that we can be very proud of in terms of our accomplishments and that it's inclusive of everyone. But I really am hurting, knowing that someone lost a daughter or a wife or a son or a brother-in-law that meant so much to them and that people are going to be, their lives have changed forever, and it's only because of one word, hate, that caused that change in life. So, we could eliminate that one word in our lifestyles, then I think we could, certainly, find a way to make, you know, our country, our state, our communities a better place to live so our families can enjoy a little bit of life as we're passing through and hopefully an eternal type of life because of our faith in the years to come. So, thank you very much for your words.

President: Senator Seliger.

Senator Seliger: Thank you, Mr. President and Members. I've been struck in the last few days by the things that it shows us and the things that I hope it teaches some Americans about some of the best things and some of the worst things in America. Among the best things are the unfettered and unlimited rights that we have to gather and to discuss issues and to say things no matter how reprehensible, how onerous, insidious they are. We have the rights to say it, and at the same time, we have the right to dispute those things and to protest them in return. I thought it was interesting as we saw it, if anyone has seen, I'm sure you have on TV, what will probably be a Pulitzer Prize-winning photograph of the man who was thrown up in the air by the car. An African American with his sneakers way above his head, and part of that violent thing, and then realized that Heather Heyer-it's a name we'll probably hear for a long time-was the young woman, Anglo, who was killed. There's a very important point there, is it, hate hurts us all, regardless of our color or ethnicity. It is insidious and it affects us all negatively. One of the best things about America, in that crowd there were White people and Black people and Latino people all standing up for the fact that this is a nation for all of us. I would like to think that Senator West is right and things that we've seen over the last few days and the public exhibition of them, the demonizing of those insidious influences, that we will learn and we won't see those things again, but we will. We would have thought that after the experiment with slavery, one of the, the, the most important things to accomplish before that generation was over was equality in this country, but we really didn't. Progress, yes, but then we get into the '40s, '50s, and '60s, and we had Jim Crow, and we've gotten past that. The simple fact of the matter is, is there will always be people who hate other people

for the color of their skin or their nationality, their ethnicity or their faith, we will never be past it. But it will always give well-meaning people the opportunity to teach young people the lessons, the most important of which, if we look at all of the things that have happened in the course of history that have been violent and destructive in wars, somebody can almost always find a lesson or example that has been of some use to future generations. There has never, ever been any positive influence in bigotry of any kind, and there never will be. And so, we go forward for this week, and what we'll see in College Station on the 11th are Black Texans and White Texans and Latino Texans, who I think believe fervently that Texas, the United States, and dignity is the right of us all in exactly equal measures. Thank you, Mr. President and Members.

President: Senator West.

Senator West: Members, I don't want to prolong this, but my, my 17, my 17-year-old grandson asked me yesterday, after viewing what occurred over the weekend, said, Paw Paw, will my generation be more like Martin Luther King or Malcolm X? I had to pause and listen to the hurt in his voice, the doubt as it relates to his ability to pursue the American dream. And frankly, I didn't answer the question. But based on conversations, speeches that we've had here on the Senate floor, I think that I'll be better able to give him advice as to whether he should be following Martin Luther King or Malcolm X. That's where we are in America today, generations trying to determine what direction to go in to make certain that they're able to pursue the American dream and participate in this country. Thank you.

President: Members, what happened in Charlottesville, my mom's hometown, where I spent a lot of time in, probably one of the most beautiful cities in America, the home of Jefferson. To see this hatred and bigotry is even more stunning. It's unspeakable, unacceptable, and un-American. And we are going to stand, in a moment, in silence, but we are going to stand as one, one body, to say to those in this state who share these thoughts, to those who would come to this state, not here, not now, not ever. We stand and condemn this together in the State of Texas and in the Texas Senate. Please stand together. Let's take a moment to pray for these victims, those injured, their families and friends who have lost their loved ones.

(Moment of silence)

President: Lord, please bless our state, show us Your path to peace. Help us turn away from hatred and bigotry that would separate us. We are all born in Your image, every one of us. We're all Americans, we're all children of God. We stand on Your word. We stand on the shoulders of our founding fathers of this country and this state, and this will not stand. In Your name. Thank you, Members.

MESSAGE FROM THE HOUSE

HOUSE CHAMBER Austin, Texas Monday, August 14, 2017 - 1

The Honorable President of the Senate Senate Chamber

Austin, Texas

Mr. President:

I am directed by the house to inform the senate that the house has taken the following action:

THE HOUSE HAS PASSED THE FOLLOWING MEASURES:

HB 367

Capriglione

Relating to the deposit of money received from the federal government and the authority of the comptroller concerning related funds and accounts.

HCR 34

Smithee

In memory of Frank Ronald Galitski of Amarillo.

SB 17

Kolkhorst

Sponsor: Burkett

Relating to maternal health and safety, pregnancy-related deaths, and maternal morbidity, including postpartum depression.

(Amended)

Respectfully,

/s/Robert Haney, Chief Clerk House of Representatives

BILL SIGNED

The President announced the signing of the following enrolled bill in the presence of the Senate after the caption had been read: **HB 214**.

RECESS

On motion of Senator Whitmire, the Senate at 4:39 p.m. recessed until 5:30 p.m. today.

AFTER RECESS

The Senate met at 5:48 p.m. and was called to order by the President.

MESSAGE FROM THE HOUSE

HOUSE CHAMBER

Austin, Texas

Monday, August 14, 2017 - 2

The Honorable President of the Senate

Senate Chamber

Austin, Texas

Mr. President:

I am directed by the house to inform the senate that the house has taken the following action:

THE HOUSE HAS PASSED THE FOLLOWING MEASURES:

SB 1 Bettencourt Sponsor: Bonnen, Dennis Relating to the calculation of the ad valorem rollback tax rate of a taxing unit and voter approval of a proposed tax rate that exceeds the rollback tax rate. (Committee Substitute/Amended)

Respectfully,

/s/Robert Haney, Chief Clerk House of Representatives

(Senator Bettencourt in Chair)

RECESS

On motion of Senator Whitmire, the Senate at 6:10 p.m. recessed until 6:45 p.m. today.

AFTER RECESS

The Senate met at 7:11 p.m. and was called to order by the President.

SENATE BILL 18 POSTPONED

Senator Estes moved to postpone further consideration of **SB 18** to Wednesday, August 16, 2017:

SB 18, Relating to a limit on local government expenditures.

The motion prevailed.

Question: Shall **SB 18** be passed to engrossment?

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 32 POSTPONED

Senator Bettencourt moved to postpone further consideration of **CSHB 32** to Wednesday, August 16, 2017:

CSHB 32, Relating to the administration of the ad valorem tax system; authorizing fees.

The motion prevailed.

(Senator Buckingham in Chair)

(President in Chair)

(Senator Hall in Chair)

(President in Chair)

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 21 ON SECOND READING

The President laid before the Senate **CSHB 21** sponsored by Senator Taylor of Galveston at this time on its second reading:

CSHB 21, Relating to the public school finance system.

The bill was read second time.

Senator Taylor of Galveston offered the following amendment to the bill:

Floor Amendment No. 1

Amend **CSHB 21** (senate committee printing) by adding the following appropriately numbered SECTIONS to the bill and renumbering subsequent SECTIONS of the bill accordingly:

SECTION ____. Section 13.054(g), Education Code, as amended by Chapter 425 (S.B. 1353), Acts of the 85th Legislature, Regular Session, 2017, is amended to read as follows:

(g) In order to assist with the costs of facility renovation, repair, and replacement, a district to which territory is annexed under this section is entitled to additional state aid for five years, beginning with the school year in which the annexation occurs. The commissioner shall determine the amount of additional state aid provided each year by dividing the amount of debt service taxes received by the district during the tax year preceding the tax year in which the annexation occurs by the number of students enrolled in the district immediately preceding the date of annexation, and multiplying that result by the number of additional students enrolled in the district on September 1 after the date of annexation. The commissioner shall provide additional state aid under this subsection from funds appropriated for purposes of the Foundation School Program [and available for that purpose]. A determination by the commissioner under this subsection is final and may not be appealed.

SECTION ____. Section 5, Chapter 425 (S.B. 1353), Acts of the 85th Legislature, Regular Session, 2017, is repealed.

The amendment to CSHB 21 was read and was adopted by a viva voce vote.

All Members are deemed to have voted "Yea" on the adoption of Floor Amendment No. 1.

Senator Taylor of Galveston offered the following amendment to the bill:

Floor Amendment No. 2

or

Amend **CSHB 21** (senate committee printing) as follows:

- (1) In the recital to SECTION 1 of the bill (page 1, line 28), strike "Subsections (d) and (e)" and substitute "Subsections (d), (e), (f), and (g)".
- (2) In SECTION 1 of the bill, immediately following added Section 12.106(e), Education Code (page 1, between lines 51 and 52), insert the following:
 - (f) Funds received by a charter holder under Subsection (d) may only be used:
 - (1) to lease an instructional facility;
 - (2) to pay property taxes imposed on an instructional facility;
 - (3) to pay debt service on bonds issued to finance an instructional facility;
- (4) for any other purpose related to the purchase, lease, sale, acquisition, or maintenance of an instructional facility.
- (g) In this section, "instructional facility" has the meaning assigned by Section 46.001.

The amendment to **CSHB 21** was read and was adopted by a viva voce vote.

All Members are deemed to have voted "Yea" on the adoption of Floor Amendment No. 2.

Senator Huffman offered the following amendment to the bill:

Floor Amendment No. 3

Amend **CSHB 21** (senate committee report) by adding the following appropriately numbered SECTION to the bill and renumbering SECTIONS of the bill accordingly:

SECTION _____. (a) The amount of \$212,000,000 of the unencumbered appropriations from the general revenue fund for the state fiscal biennium ending August 31, 2019, made by S.B. 1, Acts of the 85th Legislature, Regular Session, 2017 (the General Appropriations Act), to the Health and Human Services Commission is transferred to the Teacher Retirement System of Texas and may be used by the retirement system during that state fiscal biennium to increase school districts' recruitment and retention of school teachers and provide support to participants in the Texas Public School Employees Group Insurance Program authorized by Chapter 1575, Insurance Code. The Health and Human Services Commission shall identify the strategies and objectives out of which the transfer is to be made.

- (b) The Teacher Retirement System of Texas may use the money transferred under Subsection (a) of this section to:
- (1) decrease the premiums and deductibles that would otherwise be paid during the 2018 and 2019 plan years by participants in the Texas Public School Employees Group Insurance Program authorized by Chapter 1575, Insurance Code; and
- (2) reduce costs for an enrolled adult child with a mental disability or a physical incapacity during the 2018 and 2019 plan years.
- (c) The Teacher Retirement System of Texas shall determine the most efficient allocation of the money transferred under Subsection (a) of this section to achieve the maximum benefit for participants in the program.

The amendment to **CSHB 21** was read and was adopted by a viva voce vote.

All Members are deemed to have voted "Yea" on the adoption of Floor Amendment No. 3 except as follows:

Nays: Taylor of Collin.

Senator Huffman offered the following amendment to the bill:

Floor Amendment No. 4

Amend **CSHB 21** (senate committee printing) by adding the following appropriately numbered SECTION to the bill and renumbering subsequent SECTIONS of the bill accordingly:

SECTION _____. Subchapter A, Chapter 29, Education Code, is amended by adding Sections 29.026 and 29.027 to read as follows:

Sec. 29.026. GRANT PROGRAM PROVIDING SERVICES TO STUDENTS WITH AUTISM. (a) The commissioner shall establish a program to award grants to school districts and open-enrollment charter schools that provide innovative services to students with autism.

- (b) A school district, including a school district acting through a district charter issued under Subchapter C, Chapter 12, and an open-enrollment charter school, including a charter school that primarily serves students with disabilities, as provided under Section 12.1014, may apply for a grant under this section.
 - (c) A program is eligible for a grant under this section if:
- (1) the program operates as an independent campus or a separate program from the campus in which the program is located, with a separate budget;
 - (2) the program incorporates:
 - (A) evidence-based and research-based design;
 - (B) the use of empirical data on student achievement and improvement;
 - (C) parental support and collaboration;
 - (D) the use of technology;
 - (E) meaningful inclusion; and
 - (F) the ability to replicate the program for students statewide;
 - (3) the program gives priority for enrollment to students with autism;
 - (4) the program limits enrollment and services to students who are:
 - (A) at least three years of age; and
- (B) younger than nine years of age or are enrolled in the third grade or a lower grade level; and
- (5) the program allows a student who turns nine years of age or older during a school year to remain in the program until the end of that school year.
 - (d) A school district or open-enrollment charter school may not:
- (1) charge a fee for the program, other than those authorized by law for students in public schools;
 - (2) require a parent to enroll a child in the program;
- (3) allow an admission, review, and dismissal committee to place a student in the program without the written consent of the student's parent or guardian; or
- (4) continue the placement of a student in the program after the student's parent or guardian revokes consent, in writing, to the student's placement in the program.
 - (e) A program under this section may:
- (1) alter the length of the school day or school year or the number of minutes of instruction received by students;
- (2) coordinate services with private or community-based providers;(3) allow the enrollment of students without disabilities or with other disabilities, if approved by the commissioner; and
- (4) adopt staff qualifications and staff to student ratios that differ from the applicable requirements of this title.
- (f) The commissioner shall adopt rules creating an application and selection process for grants awarded under this section.
- (g) The commissioner shall create an external panel of stakeholders, including parents of students with disabilities, to provide assistance in the selection of applications for the award of grants under this section.

- (h) The commissioner shall award grants to fund not more than 10 programs that meet the eligibility criteria under Subsection (c). In selecting programs, the commissioner shall prioritize programs that are collaborations between multiple school districts, multiple charter schools, or school districts and charter schools. The selected programs must reflect the diversity of this state.
- (i) The commissioner shall select programs and award grant funds to those programs beginning in the 2018-2019 school year. The selected programs are to be funded for five years.
- (j) A grant awarded to a school district or open-enrollment charter school under this section is in addition to the Foundation School Program funds that the district or charter school is otherwise entitled to receive.
- (k) The commissioner shall set aside an amount not to exceed \$20 million from the total amount of funds appropriated to the Foundation School Program for the 2018-2019 fiscal biennium to fund grants under this section. The commissioner shall use \$10 million for the purposes of this section for each school year in the state fiscal biennium. A grant recipient may not receive more than \$1 million for the 2018-2019 fiscal biennium. The commissioner shall reduce each district's and charter school's allotment proportionally to account for funds allocated under this section.
- (1) The commissioner and any program selected under this section may accept gifts, grants, and donations from any public or private source, person, or group to implement and administer the program. The commissioner and any program selected under this section may not require any financial contribution from parents to implement and administer the program.
- (m) The commissioner may consider a student with autism who is enrolled in a program funded under this section as funded in a mainstream placement, regardless of the amount of time the student receives services in a regular classroom setting.
- (n) Not later than December 31, 2021, the commissioner shall publish a report on the grant program established under this section. The report must include:
- (1) recommendations for statutory or funding changes necessary to implement successful innovations in the education of students with autism; and
- (2) data on the academic and functional achievements of students enrolled in a program that received a grant under this section.
 - (o) This section expires September 1, 2024.
- Sec. 29.027. GRANT PROGRAM PROVIDING SERVICES TO STUDENTS WITH DYSLEXIA. (a) The commissioner shall establish a program to award grants to school districts and open-enrollment charter schools that provide innovative services to students with dyslexia.
- (b) A school district, including a school district acting through a district charter issued under Subchapter C, Chapter 12, and an open-enrollment charter school, including a charter school that primarily serves students with disabilities, as provided under Section 12.1014, may apply for a grant under this section.
 - (c) A program is eligible for a grant under this section if:
- (1) the program operates as an independent campus or a separate program from the campus in which the program is located, with a separate budget;
 - (2) the program incorporates:
 - (A) evidence-based and research-based design;

- (B) the use of empirical data on student achievement and improvement;
- (C) parental support and collaboration;
- (D) the use of technology;
- (E) meaningful inclusion; and
- (F) the ability to replicate the program for students statewide;
- (3) the program gives priority for enrollment to students with dyslexia;
- (4) the program limits enrollment and services to students who are:
 - (A) at least three years of age; and
- (B) younger than nine years of age or are enrolled in the third grade or a lower grade level; and
- (5) the program allows a student who turns nine years of age or older during a school year to remain in the program until the end of that school year.
 - (d) A school district or open-enrollment charter school may not:
- (1) charge a fee for the program, other than those authorized by law for students in public schools;
 - (2) require a parent to enroll a child in the program;
- (3) allow an admission, review, and dismissal committee to place a student in the program without the written consent of the student's parent or guardian; or
- (4) continue the placement of a student in the program after the student's parent or guardian revokes consent, in writing, to the student's placement in the program.
 - (e) A program under this section may:
- (1) alter the length of the school day or school year or the number of minutes of instruction received by students;
 - (2) coordinate services with private or community-based providers;
- (3) allow the enrollment of students without disabilities or with other disabilities, if approved by the commissioner; and
- (4) adopt staff qualifications and staff to student ratios that differ from the applicable requirements of this title.
- (f) The commissioner shall adopt rules creating an application and selection process for grants awarded under this section.
- (g) The commissioner shall create an external panel of stakeholders, including parents of students with disabilities, to provide assistance in the selection of applications for the award of grants under this section.
- (h) The commissioner shall award grants to fund not more than 10 programs that meet the eligibility criteria under Subsection (c). In selecting programs, the commissioner shall prioritize programs that are collaborations between multiple school districts, multiple charter schools, or school districts and charter schools. The selected programs must reflect the diversity of this state.
- (i) The commissioner shall select programs and award grant funds to those programs beginning in the 2018-2019 school year. The selected programs are to be funded for five years.
- (j) A grant awarded to a school district or open-enrollment charter school under this section is in addition to the Foundation School Program funds that the district or charter school is otherwise entitled to receive.

- (k) The commissioner shall set aside an amount not to exceed \$20 million from the total amount of funds appropriated to the Foundation School Program for the 2018-2019 fiscal biennium to fund grants under this section. The commissioner shall use \$10 million for the purposes of this section for each school year in the state fiscal biennium. A grant recipient may not receive more than \$1 million for the 2018-2019 fiscal biennium. The commissioner shall reduce each district's and charter school's allotment proportionally to account for funds allocated under this section.
- (l) The commissioner and any program selected under this section may accept gifts, grants, and donations from any public or private source, person, or group to implement and administer the program. The commissioner and any program selected under this section may not require any financial contribution from parents to implement and administer the program.
- (m) The commissioner may consider a student with dyslexia who is enrolled in a program funded under this section as funded in a mainstream placement, regardless of the amount of time the student receives services in a regular classroom setting.
- (n) Not later than December 31, 2021, the commissioner shall publish a report on the grant program established under this section. The report must include:
- (1) recommendations for statutory or funding changes necessary to implement successful innovations in the education of students with dyslexia; and
- (2) data on the academic and functional achievements of students enrolled in a program that received a grant under this section.
 - (o) This section expires September 1, 2024.

(Senator Campbell in Chair)

The amendment to CSHB 21 was read and was adopted by a viva voce vote.

All Members are deemed to have voted "Yea" on the adoption of Floor Amendment No. 4 except as follows:

Nays: Taylor of Collin.

Senator Menéndez offered the following amendment to the bill:

Floor Amendment No. 5

Amend **CSHB 21** (senate committee report) by adding the following appropriately numbered SECTIONS to the bill and renumbering subsequent SECTIONS of the bill accordingly:

SECTION ____. Section 42.006(a-1), Education Code, is amended to read as follows:

(a-1) The commissioner by rule shall require each school district and open-enrollment charter school to report through the Public Education Information Management System information regarding the number of students enrolled in the district or school who are identified as having dyslexia or related disorders. The agency shall maintain the information provided in accordance with this subsection.

SECTION ____. Subchapter C, Chapter 42, Education Code, is amended by adding Section 42.1561 to read as follows:

Sec. 42.1561. ALLOTMENT FOR STUDENT WITH DYSLEXIA OR RELATED DISORDER. (a) Subject to Subsection (b), for each student that a school district serves who has been identified as having dyslexia or a related disorder, the

district is entitled to an annual allotment equal to the district's adjusted basic allotment as determined under Section 42.102 or Section 42.103, as applicable, multiplied by 0.1 for each school year or a greater amount provided by appropriation.

- (b) A school district is entitled to the allotment under Subsection (a) only for a student who:
 - $\overline{(1)}$ is receiving instruction that:
- (A) meets applicable dyslexia program criteria established by the agency; and
- (B) is provided by a person with specific training in providing that instruction; or
- (2) has received the instruction described by Subdivision (1) and is permitted, on the basis of having dyslexia or a related disorder, to use modifications in the classroom and accommodations in the administration of assessment instruments under Section 39.023.
- (c) Funds allotted under this section must be used in providing services to students with dyslexia or related disorders.
- (d) A school district may receive funding for a student under this section and Section 42.151 if the student satisfies the requirements of both sections.
- (e) Not more than five percent of a district's students in average daily attendance are eligible for funding under this section.

The amendment to **CSHB 21** was read and failed of adoption by the following vote: Yeas 12, Nays 19.

Yeas: Garcia, Hinojosa, Huffman, Lucio, Menéndez, Miles, Rodríguez, Uresti, Watson, West, Whitmire, Zaffirini.

Nays: Bettencourt, Birdwell, Buckingham, Burton, Campbell, Creighton, Estes, Hall, Hancock, Huffines, Hughes, Kolkhorst, Nelson, Nichols, Perry, Schwertner, Seliger, Taylor of Galveston, Taylor of Collin.

Senator Garcia offered the following amendment to the bill:

Floor Amendment No. 6

Amend **CSHB 21** (senate committee report) in SECTION 1 of the bill, in added Section 12.106(e), Education Code (page 1, line 51), immediately following the underlined period, by inserting "This subsection does not apply to a charter holder that operates a school program located at a day treatment facility, residential treatment facility, psychiatric hospital, or medical hospital."

The amendment to **CSHB 21** was read and was adopted by a viva voce vote.

All Members are deemed to have voted "Yea" on the adoption of Floor Amendment No. 6.

Senator Schwertner offered the following amendment to the bill:

Floor Amendment No. 7

Amend **CSHB 21** (Senate committee printing) in SECTION 6(b) of the bill, following "is to be made." (page 4, line 47), by adding the following:

If the commission makes the amount of appropriations transferred under Subsection (a) of this section available by delaying until the state fiscal biennium beginning September 1, 2019, the monthly capitation payments otherwise due in August 2019 to managed care organizations that contract with the commission to provide health care services to Medicaid recipients, the commission shall make the delayed payments as soon as possible out of available money appropriated to the commission for that state fiscal biennium.

The amendment to **CSHB 21** was read and was adopted by a viva voce vote.

All Members are deemed to have voted "Yea" on the adoption of Floor Amendment No. 7.

Senator Lucio offered the following amendment to the bill:

Floor Amendment No. 8

Amend **CSHB 21** (senate committee printing) by striking SECTION 6(b) of the bill and substituting the following:

(b) The Health and Human Services Commission shall identify the strategies and objectives out of which the transfer under Subsection (a) of this section is to be made, provided that no transfer from an identified strategy or objective results in a reduction in or other negative effect on the scope of or access to services funded through the strategy or objective.

The amendment to **CSHB 21** was read.

Senator Lucio withdrew Floor Amendment No. 8.

Senator Rodríguez offered the following amendment to the bill:

Floor Amendment No. 9

Amend **CSHB 21** (senate committee printing) by adding the following appropriately numbered SECTION to the bill and renumbering subsequent SECTIONS of the bill accordingly:

SECTION _____. Section 42.153(a), Education Code, is amended to read as follows:

(a) For each student in average daily attendance in a bilingual education or special language program under Subchapter B, Chapter 29, a district is entitled to an annual allotment equal to the adjusted basic allotment multiplied by 0.11 [0.1].

The amendment to **CSHB 21** was read and failed of adoption by the following vote: Yeas 12, Nays 19.

Yeas: Garcia, Hinojosa, Huffman, Lucio, Menéndez, Miles, Rodríguez, Uresti, Watson, West, Whitmire, Zaffirini.

Nays: Bettencourt, Birdwell, Buckingham, Burton, Campbell, Creighton, Estes, Hall, Hancock, Huffines, Hughes, Kolkhorst, Nelson, Nichols, Perry, Schwertner, Seliger, Taylor of Galveston, Taylor of Collin.

Senator Perry offered the following amendment to the bill:

Floor Amendment No. 10

Amend **CSHB 21** (senate committee printing) by adding the following appropriately numbered SECTION and renumbering subsequent SECTIONS of the bill accordingly:

SECTION _____. Subchapter E, Chapter 42, Education Code, is amended by adding Section 42.25162 to read as follows:

- Sec. 42.25162. ADDITIONAL STATE AID FOR CERTAIN DISTRICTS. (a) This section applies only to a school district determined by the commissioner to be the predominant provider of public education in a county of this state based on the following factors:
- (1) the extent to which the district is the public education provider for substantially all of the students residing in the county who attend school in a school district, other than a minimal number of students in the county who reside in the attendance zone of another school district;
- (2) the degree of hardship that the district's students would experience if the district were to discontinue providing public education and the district's students were required to attend school in another school district; and
 - (3) any other relevant factor identified by the commissioner.
- (b) Subject to Subsection (c), a school district is entitled to the additional state aid that would have been provided to the district for the current school year under Section 42.2516, as that section existed on January 1, 2017, if the district demonstrates, to the satisfaction of the commissioner, that the failure to receive that state aid would require the district to close at least one campus.
- (c) The amount of Foundation School Program funds used for purposes of this section may not exceed \$20 million for the state fiscal biennium ending August 31, 2019. If necessary as a result of this limitation, the commissioner shall reduce proportionately the amount to which each school district is entitled under this section.
 - (d) The commissioner shall adopt rules necessary to implement this section.
 - (e) This section expires September 1, 2019.

The amendment to **CSHB 21** was read and failed of adoption by the following vote: Yeas 12, Nays 19.

Yeas: Birdwell, Buckingham, Garcia, Hall, Hinojosa, Kolkhorst, Lucio, Menéndez, Perry, Rodríguez, Uresti, Zaffirini.

Nays: Bettencourt, Burton, Campbell, Creighton, Estes, Hancock, Huffines, Huffman, Hughes, Miles, Nelson, Nichols, Schwertner, Seliger, Taylor of Galveston, Taylor of Collin, Watson, West, Whitmire.

Senator Taylor of Galveston offered the following amendment to the bill:

Floor Amendment No. 11

Amend **CSHB 21** (senate committee printing) by adding the following appropriately numbered SECTIONS and renumbering subsequent SECTIONS of the bill accordingly:

SECTION ___. Chapter 42, Education Code, is amended by adding Subchapter L to read as follows:

SUBCHAPTER L. TEXAS COMMISSION ON PUBLIC SCHOOL FINANCE

Sec. 42.601. DEFINITION. In this subchapter, "commission" means the Texas Commission on Public School Finance.

Sec. 42.602. TEXAS COMMISSION ON PUBLIC SCHOOL FINANCE. (a) The Texas Commission on Public School Finance is established to develop and make recommendations for improvements to the current public school finance system or for new methods of financing public schools.

- (b) The commission is composed of 13 members, consisting of the following:
 - (1) four members appointed by the governor;
 - (2) four members appointed by the lieutenant governor;
 - (3) four members appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives;

and

- (4) a member of the State Board of Education, as designated by the chair of that board.
- (c) The members appointed by the governor must have an interest in public education and include at least:
- (1) one person who is a current or retired classroom teacher with at least 10 years of teaching experience;
 - (2) one person who is a member of the business community; and
 - (3) one person who is a member of the civic community.
- (d) The appointments made by the lieutenant governor and the speaker of the house of representatives must each consist of:
 - (1) three members of the applicable legislative chamber; and
- (2) an administrator in the public school system or an elected member of the board of trustees of a school district.
- (e) In making appointments under Subsections (b)(1), (2), and (3), the governor, lieutenant governor, and speaker of the house of representatives shall coordinate to ensure that the membership of the commission reflects, to the extent possible, the ethnic and geographic diversity of this state.
- Sec. 42.603. PRESIDING OFFICER. The governor shall designate the presiding officer of the commission.
- Sec. 42.604. COMPENSATION AND REIMBURSEMENT. A member of the commission is not entitled to compensation for service on the commission but is entitled to reimbursement for actual and necessary expenses incurred in performing commission duties.
- Sec. 42.605. ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT AND FUNDING. (a) Staff members of the agency shall provide administrative support for the commission.
- (b) Funding for the administrative and operational expenses of the commission shall be provided by appropriation to the agency for that purpose.
- Sec. 42.606. RECOMMENDATIONS. (a) The commission shall develop recommendations under this subchapter to address issues related to the public school finance system, including:
- (1) the purpose of the public school finance system and the relationship between state and local funding in that system;

- (2) the appropriate levels of local maintenance and operations and interest and sinking fund tax effort necessary to implement a public school finance system that complies with the requirements under the Texas Constitution; and
- (3) policy changes to the public school finance system necessary to adjust for student demographics and the geographic diversity in the state.
- (b) The commission may establish one or more working groups composed of not more than five members of the commission to study, discuss, and address specific policy issues and recommendations to refer to the commission for consideration.
- Sec. 42.607. REPORT. Not later than December 31, 2018, the commission shall prepare and deliver a report to the governor and the legislature that recommends statutory changes to improve the public school finance system, including any adjustments to funding to account for student demographics.
- Sec. 42.608. PUBLIC MEETINGS AND PUBLIC INFORMATION. (a) The commission may hold public meetings as needed to fulfill its duties under this subchapter.
 - (b) The commission is subject to Chapters 551 and 552, Government Code.
- Sec. 42.609. COMMISSION ABOLISHED; EXPIRATION OF SUBCHAPTER. (a) The commission is abolished January 8, 2019.
 - (b) This subchapter expires January 8, 2019.
- SECTION ____. Not later than the 30th day after the effective date of the section of this Act adding Subchapter L, Chapter 42, Education Code, the appropriate persons shall make the appointments and designations required by Section 42.602, Education Code, as added by this Act.

The amendment to **CSHB 21** was read and was adopted by a viva voce vote.

All Members are deemed to have voted "Yea" on the adoption of Floor Amendment No. 11.

(President in Chair)

VOTE RECONSIDERED

On motion of Senator Huffman and by unanimous consent, the vote by which Floor Amendment No. 4 was adopted was reconsidered.

Question: Shall Floor Amendment No. 4 to CSHB 21 be adopted?

Senator Huffman offered the following amendment to Floor Amendment No. 4:

Floor Amendment No. 12

Amend Floor Amendment No. 4 by Huffman, to CSHB 21, as follows:

- (1) on page 3, line 20, strike "five", and substitute "two"
- (2) on page 3, line 24, after "receive.", insert "A grant awarded under this section may not come out of Foundation School Program funds."
 - (3) on page 3, line 27, strike "to the Foundation School Program"
 - (4) on page 4, line 14, strike "2021", and substitute "2020"
 - (5) on page 4, line 23, strike " $\overline{2024}$ ", and substitute " $\overline{2021}$ "
 - (6) on page 7, line 5, strike "five", and substitute "two"
- (7) on page 7, line 9, after "receive.", insert "A grant awarded under this section may not come out of Foundation School Program funds."

- (8) on page 7, line 12, strike "to the Foundation School Program"
- (9) on page 7, line 30, strike "2021", and substitute "2020"
- (10) on page 8, line 8, strike "2024", and substitute "2020"

The amendment to Floor Amendment No. 4 to **CSHB 21** was read and was adopted by a viva voce vote.

All Members are deemed to have voted "Yea" on the adoption of Floor Amendment No. 12.

Question recurring on the adoption of Floor Amendment No. 4 to **CSHB 21**, the amendment as amended was adopted by a viva voce vote.

All Members are deemed to have voted "Yea" on the adoption of Floor Amendment No. 4 as amended except as follows:

Nays: Taylor of Collin.

CSHB 21 as amended was passed to third reading by the following vote: Yeas 25, Nays 6.

Yeas: Bettencourt, Birdwell, Buckingham, Burton, Campbell, Creighton, Estes, Hall, Hancock, Hinojosa, Huffines, Huffman, Hughes, Kolkhorst, Lucio, Nelson, Nichols, Perry, Schwertner, Seliger, Taylor of Galveston, Uresti, Watson, West, Zaffirini.

Nays: Garcia, Menéndez, Miles, Rodríguez, Taylor of Collin, Whitmire.

REASON FOR VOTE

Senator Zaffirini submitted the following reason for vote on HB 21:

I voted for House Bill (HB) 21 because the limited relief it offers would provide hardship grants to seven school districts in Senate District 21 that otherwise would lose funding because of the expiration of Additional State Aid for Tax Relief (ASATR). Losing ASATR could damage significantly these districts' ability to provide a quality education to their students.

HB 21, however, does not go far enough to reform Texas' broken school finance system, which courts have found to be underfunded and "Byzantine." The legislature could have done more during this special session to reform our public school finance system to ensure equity, efficiency, and excellence. Without such meaningful, comprehensive reform, our state will continue to do a disservice to its children and jeopardize our future economic prosperity.

ZAFFIRINI

REMARKS ORDERED PRINTED

On motion of Senator Menéndez and by unanimous consent, the remarks by Senators Taylor of Galveston and Menéndez regarding Floor Amendment No. 8 to **CSHB 21** were ordered reduced to writing and printed in the *Senate Journal* as follows:

Presiding Officer: Senator Menéndez, for what purpose do you rise?

Senator Menéndez: I wanted to ask a question of the author of the amendment, but actually now I want to ask a question of the author of the bill, if it's possible.

Presiding Officer: Senator Taylor, do you yield?

Senator Taylor of Galveston: I yield.

Senator Menéndez: Thank you very much, Madame President. Senator Taylor, as I read this amendment and, quite frankly, I had drafted this very same amendment because there's a concern in the community that the possibility exists that if we make this transfer that somehow in order for the MCOs or someone not to lose money or for them not to, that they'll, that services may be cut or delayed or something could be affected. And so, I, as I read this amendment, it seems to me that it just seems pretty clear that we're not to have any reduction or negative affect on the scope or access of services funded through the strategy or the objective. I think that we're asking Health and Human Services, when they do this transfer, it's just to make sure that we don't have any, and I think it's, I want to applaud the author of the amendment, Senator Lucio, because in the past when we've asked Health and Human Services through a budget rider to go find savings and we said to them, but don't hurt services, there were such drastic cuts made that people were having their therapeutic services reduced or hurt. Now, I've heard that, no, there's no such example, but I'm hearing from constituents that there are. That's, I just see this as belts and suspenders. Now, if this amendment goes down, is it your, just for the sake of, of clarity, is it your intention that there would be no services negatively affected or that there would be no negative affect on the scope of access for services funded to our constituents?

Senator Taylor of Galveston: Yeah, and not only is it my intention that not happen, but we've also received assurances both from the MCOs and from Health and Human Services that that will not happen. So, I feel pretty calm in our position that this will be handled and taken care of without any kind of adverse effect on services.

Senator Menéndez: And so, I take you at your word. I believe that what you're telling me is the truth. The thing that I do get concerned with, because at times an agency's, agency personnel sometimes read things differently, so my only concern is since you, you believe so strongly, why can't we add this language as belts and suspenders and then if there seems to be a concern through the conference committee process, that y'all can either amend or change it or do something, but I just, I would feel more confident that if a lawyer for an agency were reading this that they wouldn't cut the services.

Senator Taylor of Galveston: Well, by the, the same reason you just used, someone may read it differently and say, well, we can't do it because it's going to—

Senator Menéndez: The transfer?

Senator Taylor of Galveston: —could, could do this, we don't do the transfer. And like I say, Senator Schwertner has an amendment that guarantees we're going to make the payment, the MCOs said that's going to work for them, that there will be no adverse effect on their services. So, I think we've already taken care of this with the, with the belts and suspenders with Senator—

Senator Menéndez: Alright.

Senator Taylor of Galveston: –Schwertner's amendment. I just don't want to have, like you said, someone misinterpret it and say, oh, I'm afraid this might happen, I'm not going to do the transfer, and then we're stuck. So, I'd say I have to oppose the amendment.

Senator Menéndez: I can understand, I can understand your concern. I would prefer to err on the side of caution towards our constituents and the services, but I understand, and I appreciate your taking my questions.

REMARKS ORDERED PRINTED

On motion of Senator Taylor of Collin and by unanimous consent, the remarks by Senators Taylor of Galveston and Hancock regarding **CSHB 21** were ordered reduced to writing and printed in the *Senate Journal* as follows:

President: Senator Hancock, for what purpose?

Senator Hancock: Like to ask the author a few questions, just, now that we're to this point.

President: Do you yield, Senator Taylor?

Senator Taylor of Galveston: I do.

Senator Hancock: Senator Taylor, I know we finished the regular session saying, you know, we had limited resources based on the revenue for the state and projections, and that when it comes to the TRS and education funding that, that we really felt like we did all we could with the monies that we had.

Senator Taylor of Galveston: I-

Senator Hancock: Would you agree-

Senator Taylor of Galveston: -think that's-

Senator Hancock: –with that statement?

Senator Taylor of Galveston: –I think that's a fair assessment.

Senator Hancock: And so, during the special session we were given a few charges, and in that we are making some decisions accounting-wise that will create some additional revenues but also leave us a little bit of a hole coming back in next session. Is that as well?

Senator Taylor of Galveston: I think that's correct as well.

Senator Hancock: So, as we look at that and the limited resources that we have available, because we've already spent all the resources we had available during the session, I think it's real important that the Members, before we get to the point of voting on this, that we really stop and slow down and address these one at a time. So, if you would address the base bill and the funding that we had there, how much was that?

Senator Taylor of Galveston: You ready for me to go? In the bill, as we started with, we were talking about like what we did in House Bill 21, very similar. We have a total in the original bill before the amendments, was 311 million. Now, as in the first year of the biennium, \$100 million for ASATR hardship grant, the second year is 50,

there's 150. We have 60 million in the second year of the biennium for facilities for public schools and 60 million for public charter schools in the second year, so that's 120. And then we had the 41 million, also in the second year of the biennium, for the small district adjustment penalty being removed, since we've had the bill on the floor. So, that was 311 to start with, we've added two amendments that had a cost to them. The autism and the dyslexia both are 10 million a year over the biennium. So, that's another 20 and 20, which left us at \$351 million.

Senator Hancock: So, the base education, so basically the base bill is now at 351, and that includes 60 million of charter funding that basically is kind of a new move.

Senator Taylor of Galveston: That is new. We-

Senator Hancock: And significant for the State of Texas in addressing, frankly, a majority minority students within our charter school system, was that accurate?

Senator Taylor of Galveston: That is accurate, and those are, those are systems with waiting lists where they actually have lotteries because they don't have the facilities to have, handle more students.

Senator Hancock: And so, we've, with the 351–

Senator Taylor of Galveston: And then we have one more amendment.

Senator Hancock: We have one more, which is really more than an amendment. What you're, with that last amendment, that's really another bill.

Senator Taylor of Galveston: It is. And that is the one for the retired teachers.

Senator Hancock: And that is going to be another bill really added to this piece of legislation that is significant funding to address the retired teachers and that—

Senator Taylor of Galveston: It, it's-

Senator Hancock: –system, as well. Is that accurate?

Senator Taylor of Galveston: —to address a need that, frankly, we found out about after we left here. When we started hearing about how what we had done, we tried do some restructuring and how it affected individual groups within the retired teacher organization. We had some real difficulties where people were putting, being put into really difficult situations. So, the fact that we're here in special, we have an opportunity to fix that. Senator Huffman spent a lot of time working on this, along with Senator Nelson, and that is a completely separate \$212 million that's added onto the school finance things that we're doing here in this bill already.

Senator Hancock: Right, and, and I think what's fair to say in the assessment of that, and while we're doing that, we're also, because of that additional funding that we're providing to the retired system, we're actually putting additional pressure on the state in the upcoming bienniums because of the move that we're doing here that, you know, we could agree to, we, I mean, we still have yet to take a vote. But that is a significant move because of the additional cost it's going to put on the state for bienniums to come, under the current structure, is that accurate?

Senator Taylor of Galveston: And that is accurate. And I think it's, you know, the, all the other things we were worried about keeping, you know, for the Public School Finance Commission, and this is a separate thing, dealing with our retired teachers. So, it is, it is different, and it is going to add some in the future, but we're going to have that.

Senator Hancock: And we're not borrowing from our schools to pay our schools—

Senator Taylor of Galveston: No.

Senator Hancock: -with this-Senator Taylor of Galveston: No.

Senator Hancock: –method of funding, is that accurate? **Senator Taylor of Galveston:** That is completely accurate.

Senator Hancock: Well, at this late in session and where we are, I understand how we have to stack bills on top of each other, but it's good to know that we're still at the 351 along with retirement system on top of that.

Senator Taylor of Galveston: Yeah-

Senator Hancock: So-

Senator Taylor of Galveston: -yeah, thank you for helping me clarify that.

Senator Hancock: –thank you, Mr. Chairman.

Senator Taylor of Galveston: Thank you, Senator Hancock.

Senator Hancock: Thank you, Mr. President.

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 30 ON SECOND READING

The President laid before the Senate **CSHB 30** sponsored by Senator Nelson at this time on its second reading:

CSHB 30, Relating to the transfer of certain appropriations to the Texas Education Agency and the adjustment of appropriations for public school finance.

The bill was read second time.

Senator Huffman offered the following amendment to the bill:

Floor Amendment No. 1

Amend **CSHB 30** (senate committee report) by adding the following appropriately numbered SECTION to the bill and renumbering SECTIONS of the bill accordingly:

SECTION _____. (a) The amount of \$212,000,000 of the unencumbered appropriations from the general revenue fund for the state fiscal biennium ending August 31, 2019, made by S.B. 1, Acts of the 85th Legislature, Regular Session, 2017 (the General Appropriations Act), to the Health and Human Services Commission is transferred to the Teacher Retirement System of Texas and may be used by the retirement system during that state fiscal biennium to increase school districts' recruitment and retention of school teachers and provide support to participants in the

Texas Public School Employees Group Insurance Program authorized by Chapter 1575, Insurance Code. The Health and Human Services Commission shall identify the strategies and objectives out of which the transfer is to be made.

- (b) The Teacher Retirement System of Texas may use the money transferred under Subsection (a) of this section to:
- (1) decrease the premiums and deductibles that would otherwise be paid during the 2018 and 2019 plan years by participants in the Texas Public School Employees Group Insurance Program authorized by Chapter 1575, Insurance Code; and
- (2) reduce costs for an enrolled adult child with a mental disability or a physical incapacity during the 2018 and 2019 plan years.
- (c) The Teacher Retirement System of Texas shall determine the most efficient allocation of the money transferred under Subsection (a) of this section to achieve the maximum benefit for participants in the program.

The amendment to CSHB 30 was read and was adopted by a viva voce vote.

All Members are deemed to have voted "Yea" on the adoption of Floor Amendment No. 1 except as follows:

Nays: Taylor of Collin.

Senator Huffman offered the following amendment to the bill:

Floor Amendment No. 2

Amend **CSHB 30** (Senate committee printing) as follows:

- (1) In SECTION 1(a) of the bill (page 1, line 31), strike "\$311,000,000" and substitute "\$351,000,000".
 - (2) In SECTION 1(a)(3) of the bill (page 1, line 54), strike "and".
- (3) In SECTION 1(a)(4) of the bill, between "300 square miles" and the period (page 1, line 60), insert the following:
- (5) \$20,000,000 is allocated to be used to award grants authorized under Section 29.026, Education Code, as added by H.B. 21, Acts of the 85th Legislature, 1st Called Session, 2017, or similar legislation that enacts a program to award grants to school districts and open-enrollment charter schools that provide innovative services to students with autism; and
- (6) \$20,000,000 is allocated to be used to award grants authorized under Section 29.027, Education Code, as added by H.B. 21, Acts of the 85th Legislature, 1st Called Session, 2017, or similar legislation that enacts a program to award grants to school districts and open-enrollment charter schools that provide innovative services to students with dyslexia

The amendment to CSHB 30 was read and was adopted by a viva voce vote.

All Members are deemed to have voted "Yea" on the adoption of Floor Amendment No. 2 except as follows:

Nays: Taylor of Collin.

Senator Schwertner offered the following amendment to the bill:

Floor Amendment No. 3

Amend **CSHB 30** (Senate committee printing) in SECTION 1(b) of the bill, following "is to be made." (page 2, line 3), by adding the following:

If the commission makes the amount of appropriations transferred under Subsection (a) of this section available by delaying until the state fiscal biennium beginning September 1, 2019, the monthly capitation payments otherwise due in August 2019 to managed care organizations that contract with the commission to provide health care services to Medicaid recipients, the commission shall make the delayed payments as soon as possible out of available money appropriated to the commission for that state fiscal biennium.

The amendment to **CSHB 30** was read and was adopted by a viva voce vote.

All Members are deemed to have voted "Yea" on the adoption of Floor Amendment No. 3.

Senator Menéndez offered the following amendment to the bill:

Floor Amendment No. 4

Amend **CSHB 30** (senate committee printing) by striking SECTION 1(b) of the bill (page 2, lines 1-3) and substituting the following:

(b) The Health and Human Services Commission shall identify the strategies and objectives in and riders to the bill pattern of appropriations made to the commission by Chapter 605 (S.B. 1), Acts of the 85th Legislature, Regular Session, 2017 (the General Appropriations Act), out of which the transfer under Subsection (a) of this section is to be made, except that the commission may not identify for that purpose a strategy, objective, or rider that directly or indirectly provides funding for benefits provided to Medicaid recipients or child health plan program enrollees. This section does not give the Health and Human Services Commission the authority to change eligibility criteria, reduce benefits, adjust the amount, scope, or duration of services, or otherwise negatively affect access to care under the Medicaid or child health plan program.

The amendment to **CSHB 30** was read and failed of adoption by the following vote: Yeas 9, Nays 22.

Yeas: Garcia, Lucio, Menéndez, Miles, Rodríguez, Uresti, Watson, West, Zaffirini.

Nays: Bettencourt, Birdwell, Buckingham, Burton, Campbell, Creighton, Estes, Hall, Hancock, Hinojosa, Huffines, Huffman, Hughes, Kolkhorst, Nelson, Nichols, Perry, Schwertner, Seliger, Taylor of Galveston, Taylor of Collin, Whitmire.

CSHB 30 as amended was passed to third reading by the following vote: Yeas 26, Nays 5.

Yeas: Bettencourt, Birdwell, Buckingham, Burton, Campbell, Creighton, Estes, Hall, Hancock, Hinojosa, Huffines, Huffman, Hughes, Kolkhorst, Lucio, Nelson, Nichols, Perry, Schwertner, Seliger, Taylor of Galveston, Uresti, Watson, West, Whitmire, Zaffirini.

Nays: Garcia, Menéndez, Miles, Rodríguez, Taylor of Collin.

VOTE RECONSIDERED ON COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 7

Senator Kolkhorst moved to reconsider the vote by which **CSHB** 7 was finally passed:

CSHB 7, Relating to municipal regulation of the removal of trees or vegetation on private property.

The motion prevailed by the following vote: Yeas 17, Nays 14.

Yeas: Bettencourt, Birdwell, Buckingham, Burton, Campbell, Estes, Hall, Hancock, Huffines, Hughes, Kolkhorst, Nichols, Perry, Schwertner, Seliger, Taylor of Galveston, Taylor of Collin.

Nays: Creighton, Garcia, Hinojosa, Huffman, Lucio, Menéndez, Miles, Nelson, Rodríguez, Uresti, Watson, West, Whitmire, Zaffirini.

Question: Shall **CSHB** 7 be finally passed?

POINT OF ORDER

Senator Watson raised a point of order that reconsideration of the vote on third reading for **CSHB 7** would be in violation of Senate Rule 6.10.

POINT OF ORDER RULING*

The President stated that the point of order was respectfully overruled.

*Explanation of Point of Order Ruling

Senator Watson raised a point of order against reconsideration of House Bill 7 on passage to third reading under Rule 6.10 of the Senate Rules on the grounds that subsection (a) of Rule 6.10 only permits the reconsideration of a question on the same legislative day in which the vote was taken or on the next legislative day. Senator Watson further argues that subsection (b) of the rule does not protect House Bill 7 from the time limitations established under subsection (a) because the Senate did not precede the motion to reconsider with a motion to request the return of the bill to the Senate.

The journals show House Bill 7 was passed to third reading on the eighth legislative day, Friday, August 11, 2017, and subsequently finally passed on the ninth legislative day, also on August 11. The journals show that House Bill 7 was returned to the Senate for further consideration by the House on the ninth legislative day, Saturday, August 12, 2017. The House message indicates the bill was returned to the Senate due to non-germane amendments, firmly placing the bill in a stage of disagreement.

It is customary for the House and Senate to resolve disagreements through the use of conference committees. The Chair notes this practice is based on parliamentary law and has been historically governed by rules jointly adopted by the House and Senate. Legislative records indicate the last set of joint rules were adopted by the Legislature in 1975. Since then, the journals reveal an increasing number of House bills returned to the Senate for further consideration and without a concurrent request for a

conference committee. This recent House practice has subsequently led to the Senate's reliance on motions to reconsider as a mechanism to bring the houses into agreement on legislation.

The Chair cannot find precedent wherein either subsection of Rule 6.10 prevented the Senate's reconsideration of a House bill returned to the Senate under the same set of circumstances affecting House Bill 7. The Chair has found multiple instances where motions to reconsider were similarly admitted without regard for the time limitation established under subsection (a). It is likely previous presiding officers and members of the Senate recognized Rule 6.10 does not contemplate the return of bills from the House without a request from the Senate, and that receipt of a bill under these circumstances is not materially different from the receipt of a bill returned at the request of the Senate. The rule was written long before the House began this practice and is altogether silent on the matter.

The Chair is cognizant that the time limitation provided by subsection (a) of Rule 6.10 was established to protect the Senate from the use of motions to reconsider for dilatory purposes. However, the Chair must also consider the important parliamentary principle of prioritizing motions which tend to most quickly bring the House and Senate into agreement. The reconsideration of a bill returned from the House with objections and without a concurrent request for a conference committee is not patently dilatory and often results in an expedient adjustment of differences between the two houses. Moreover, the conditions for return of a bill under subsection (b) of the rule were not written to exclude a bill returned in this manner as the joint rules adopted at the time would have prevented this situation.

After careful analysis, the Chair finds that House Bill 7 is at the same parliamentary stage as bills contemplated by subsection (b) of Rule 6.10. In this light, the appropriate interpretation of Rule 6.10 is to permit the motion to reconsider House Bill 7 on passage to third reading. Accordingly, the point of order is respectfully overruled.

VOTES RECONSIDERED

Senator Kolkhorst moved to reconsider the vote by which **CSHB 7** was passed to third reading:

CSHB 7, Relating to municipal regulation of the removal of trees or vegetation on private property.

The motion prevailed by the following vote: Yeas 17, Nays 14.

Yeas: Bettencourt, Birdwell, Buckingham, Burton, Campbell, Estes, Hall, Hancock, Huffines, Hughes, Kolkhorst, Nichols, Perry, Schwertner, Seliger, Taylor of Galveston, Taylor of Collin.

Nays: Creighton, Garcia, Hinojosa, Huffman, Lucio, Menéndez, Miles, Nelson, Rodríguez, Uresti, Watson, West, Whitmire, Zaffirini.

Question: Shall **CSHB** 7 be passed to third reading?

Senator Kolkhorst moved to reconsider the vote by which Floor Amendment No. 1 to **CSHB 7** was adopted.

The motion prevailed by the following vote: Yeas 17, Nays 14.

Yeas: Bettencourt, Birdwell, Buckingham, Burton, Campbell, Estes, Hall, Hancock, Huffines, Hughes, Kolkhorst, Nichols, Perry, Schwertner, Seliger, Taylor of Galveston, Taylor of Collin.

Nays: Creighton, Garcia, Hinojosa, Huffman, Lucio, Menéndez, Miles, Nelson, Rodríguez, Uresti, Watson, West, Whitmire, Zaffirini.

Question: Shall Floor Amendment No. 1 to **CSHB** 7 be adopted?

Senator Kolkhorst withdrew Floor Amendment No. 1.

Senator Kolkhorst offered the following amendment to the bill:

Floor Amendment No. 8

Amend **CSHB** 7 (senate committee report) as follows:

- (1) Strike SECTION 1 of the bill (page 1, line 24 through page 2, line 8).
- (2) In SECTION 2 of the bill, in added Section 212.905, Local Government Code (page 2, between lines 25 and 26), insert the following appropriately lettered subsection:
- () A municipality may not require a person to pay a tree mitigation fee for the removed tree if the tree:
- (1) is located on a property that is an existing one-family or two-family dwelling that is the person's residence; and
- (2) is less than 10 inches in diameter at the point on the trunk 4.5 feet above the ground.
- (3) In SECTION 2 of the bill, in added Section 212.905(e), Local Government Code, strike Subparagraphs 212.905(e)(2)(A) and (B) (page 2, lines 53 to 57) and insert the following:
- (A) the property is a residential structure or pertains to the development, construction, or renovation of a residential structure; and
- (B) the person is developing, constructing or renovating the property not for use as the person's residence; or
- (4) In SECTION 2 of the bill, in added Section 212.905(f), Local Government Code (page 3, lines 6 to 7), strike ", except that a tree mitigation fee may not exceed \$400".
- (5) In SECTION 2 of the bill, in added Section 212.905(g), Local Government Code (page 3, line 8), between "not" and "impose", insert "prohibit the removal of or".
- (6) In SECTION 2 of the bill, strike added Section 212.905(h), Local Government Code (page 3, lines 13 through 19).
- (7) Reletter subsections of Section 212.905, Local Government Code, and cross-references to those subsections as appropriate.
 - (8) Renumber the SECTIONS of the bill as appropriate.

The amendment to **CSHB 7** was read and was adopted by the following vote: Yeas 23, Nays 8.

Yeas: Bettencourt, Birdwell, Buckingham, Burton, Campbell, Creighton, Estes, Hall, Hancock, Huffines, Huffman, Hughes, Kolkhorst, Menéndez, Nelson, Nichols, Perry, Schwertner, Seliger, Taylor of Galveston, Taylor of Collin, Uresti, Zaffirini.

Nays: Garcia, Hinojosa, Lucio, Miles, Rodríguez, Watson, West, Whitmire.

CSHB 7 as amended was again passed to third reading by the following vote: Yeas 17, Nays 14.

Yeas: Bettencourt, Birdwell, Buckingham, Burton, Campbell, Estes, Hall, Hancock, Huffines, Hughes, Kolkhorst, Nichols, Perry, Schwertner, Seliger, Taylor of Galveston, Taylor of Collin.

Nays: Creighton, Garcia, Hinojosa, Huffman, Lucio, Menéndez, Miles, Nelson, Rodríguez, Uresti, Watson, West, Whitmire, Zaffirini.

REMARKS ORDERED PRINTED

On motion of Senator Rodríguez and by unanimous consent, the remarks by Senator Watson and the President regarding the point of order on **CSHB 7** were ordered reduced to writing and printed in the *Senate Journal* as follows:

President: Senator Watson, for what purpose?

Senator Watson: Mr. President, I rise to call a point of order on the motion to reconsider the committee substitute to House Bill 7. My point of order is based upon the Senate Rules, Senate Rule 6.10, related to reconsideration, which indicates that after a question shall have been decided, then it must, the motion to reconsider must occur on the same legislative day in which the vote was taken or on the next legislative day. Mr. President, I recognize that 6.10(b) contemplates that a bill may have already been sent to the House, 6.10(b) expressly states that the motion to reconsider shall be preceded by a motion to request the House or the Governor to return same. In this case, there has been no motion, that the motion, to request the House or the Governor to return same. I also understand that this bill was returned by the House, which may not be contemplated specifically by our rules. If, however, we interpret the return of the bill by the House to the Senate to be the functional equivalent of a motion to request the House or the Governor to return the bill, then my point of order would be that we are not in the same legislative day on which the vote was taken or on the next legislative day from when the bill was returned. If you look at the Senate Journal, it indicates that on the eighth legislative day, we are now on the 10th legislative day, the eighth legislative day, Friday, August 11, 2017, was the vote that was taken when this bill, as amended, was passed to third reading by the votes of 18 to 13. So, my point of order is that it would be out of order to now reconsider the third, the vote on which this bill was passed to third reading.

President: Senator Taylor, this is not a debatable motion. I cannot recognize you, it's not a debatable motion. Members, we've spent 40 minutes researching this. Our Parliamentarian, who is a person of the highest integrity, has spent all of her time looking at this, researching House records, Senate records, looking for precedent. There is no precedent. We share that with you. I respect your bringing it, but you are overruled.

Senator Watson: Thank you, Mr. President.

President: Thank you.

SENATE BILL 1 WITH HOUSE AMENDMENTS

Senator Bettencourt called **SB 1** from the President's table for consideration of the House amendments to the bill.

The President laid the bill and the House amendments before the Senate.

Amendment

Amend **SB 1** by substituting in lieu thereof the following:

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT

relating to the calculation of the ad valorem rollback tax rate of a taxing unit and voter approval of a proposed tax rate that exceeds the rollback tax rate.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

SECTION 1. Section 26.012, Tax Code, is amended by adding Subdivision (18) to read as follows:

- (18) "Small taxing unit" means:
- (A) a taxing unit, other than a school district, for which the maintenance and operations tax rate proposed for the current tax year:
 - (i) is two cents or less per \$100 of taxable value; or
- (ii) would impose taxes of \$25 million or less when applied to the current total value for the taxing unit; or
 - (B) a junior college district.

SECTION 2. Section 26.04, Tax Code, is amended by amending Subsection (c) and adding Subsection (c-1) to read as follows:

- (c) An officer or employee designated by the governing body shall calculate the effective tax rate and the rollback tax rate for the unit, where:
- (1) "Effective tax rate" means a rate expressed in dollars per \$100 of taxable value calculated according to the following formula:

EFFECTIVE TAX RATE = (LAST YEAR'S LEVY - LOST PROPERTY LEVY) / (CURRENT TOTAL VALUE - NEW PROPERTY VALUE); and

- (2) "Rollback tax rate" means a rate expressed in dollars per \$100 of taxable value calculated according to the following applicable formula:
 - (A) for a small taxing unit:

ROLLB \overline{ACK} TAX RATE = (\overline{E} FFECTIVE MAINTENANCE AND OPERATIONS RATE x 1.08) + CURRENT DEBT RATE

; or

(B) for a taxing unit other than a small taxing unit:

ROLLBACK TAX RATE = (EFFECTIVE MAINTENANCE AND OPERATIONS RATE x 1.06) + CURRENT DEBT RATE

(c-1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the governing body of a taxing unit other than a small taxing unit may direct the designated officer or employee to calculate the rollback tax rate of the unit according to the formula applicable to a small taxing unit if any part of the unit is located in an area declared a disaster area during the current tax year by the governor or by the president of the

United States. The designated officer or employee at the direction of the governing body may continue calculating the rollback tax rate in the manner provided by this subsection until the earlier of:

- (1) the first tax year in which the total taxable value of property taxable by the taxing unit as shown on the appraisal roll for the taxing unit submitted by the assessor for the taxing unit to the governing body exceeds the total taxable value of property taxable by the taxing unit on January 1 of the tax year in which the disaster occurred; or
 - (2) the third tax year after the tax year in which the disaster occurred.
- SECTION 3. Section 26.041, Tax Code, is amended by amending Subsections (a), (b), and (c) and adding Subsection (c-1) to read as follows:
- (a) In the first year in which an additional sales and use tax is required to be collected, the effective tax rate and rollback tax rate for the unit are calculated according to the following formulas:

EFFECTIVE TAX RATE = [(LAST YEAR'S LEVY - LOST PROPERTY LEVY) / (CURRENT TOTAL VALUE - NEW PROPERTY VALUE)] - SALES TAX GAIN RATE

[and]

ROLLBACK TAX RATE FOR SMALL TAXING UNIT = (EFFECTIVE MAINTENANCE AND OPERATIONS RATE x 1.08) + CURRENT DEBT RATE - SALES TAX GAIN RATE

and

ROLLBACK TAX RATE FOR TAXING UNIT OTHER THAN SMALL TAXING UNIT = (EFFECTIVE MAINTENANCE AND OPERATIONS RATE x 1.06) + CURRENT DEBT RATE - SALES TAX GAIN RATE

where "sales tax gain rate" means a number expressed in dollars per \$100 of taxable value, calculated by dividing the revenue that will be generated by the additional sales and use tax in the following year as calculated under Subsection (d) [of this section] by the current total value.

(b) Except as provided by Subsections (a) and (c) [of this section], in a year in which a taxing unit imposes an additional sales and use tax, the rollback tax rate for the unit is calculated according to the following applicable formula, regardless of whether the unit levied a property tax in the preceding year:

ROLLBACK TAX RATE FOR SMALL TAXING UNIT = [(LAST YEAR'S MAINTENANCE AND OPERATIONS EXPENSE x 1.08) / ([TOTAL] CURRENT TOTAL VALUE - NEW PROPERTY VALUE)] + (CURRENT DEBT RATE - SALES TAX REVENUE RATE)

ROLLBACK TAX RATE FOR TAXING UNIT OTHER THAN SMALL TAXING UNIT = [(LAST YEAR'S MAINTENANCE AND OPERATIONS EXPENSE x 1.06) / (CURRENT TOTAL VALUE - NEW PROPERTY VALUE)] + (CURRENT DEBT RATE - SALES TAX REVENUE RATE)

where "last year's maintenance and operations expense" means the amount spent for maintenance and operations from property tax and additional sales and use tax revenues in the preceding year, and "sales tax revenue rate" means a number expressed in dollars per \$100 of taxable value, calculated by dividing the revenue that will be generated by the additional sales and use tax in the current year as calculated under Subsection (d) [of this section] by the current total value.

(c) In a year in which a taxing unit that has been imposing an additional sales and use tax ceases to impose an additional sales and use tax, the effective tax rate and rollback tax rate for the unit are calculated according to the following formulas:

EFFECTIVE TAX RATE = [(LAST YEAR'S LEVY - LOST PROPERTY LEVY) / (CURRENT TOTAL VALUE - NEW PROPERTY VALUE)] + SALES TAX LOSS RATE

[and]

ROLLBACK TAX RATE FOR SMALL TAXING UNIT = [(LAST YEAR'S MAINTENANCE $\overline{\text{AND OPERATIONS EXPENSE}}$ x 1.08) / ([TOTAL] CURRENT TOTAL VALUE - NEW PROPERTY VALUE)] + CURRENT DEBT RATE

and

ROLLBACK TAX RATE FOR TAXING UNIT OTHER THAN SMALL TAXING UNIT = [(LAST YEAR'S MAINTENANCE AND OPERATIONS EXPENSE x 1.06) / (CURRENT TOTAL VALUE - NEW PROPERTY VALUE)] + CURRENT DEBT RATE

where "sales tax loss rate" means a number expressed in dollars per \$100 of taxable value, calculated by dividing the amount of sales and use tax revenue generated in the last four quarters for which the information is available by the current total value and "last year's maintenance and operations expense" means the amount spent for maintenance and operations from property tax and additional sales and use tax revenues in the preceding year.

(c-1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the governing body of a taxing unit other than a small taxing unit may direct the designated officer or employee to calculate the rollback tax rate of the unit according to the formula applicable to a small taxing unit if any part of the unit is located in an area declared a disaster area during the current tax year by the governor or by the president of the United States. The designated officer or employee at the direction of the governing body may continue calculating the rollback tax rate in the manner provided by this subsection until the earlier of:

- (1) the first tax year in which the total taxable value of property taxable by the taxing unit as shown on the appraisal roll for the taxing unit submitted by the assessor for the taxing unit to the governing body exceeds the total taxable value of property taxable by the taxing unit on January 1 of the tax year in which the disaster occurred; or
 - (2) the third tax year after the tax year in which the disaster occurred.

SECTION 4. The heading to Section 26.043, Tax Code, is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 26.043. <u>ROLLBACK AND EFFECTIVE TAX RATES</u> [RATE] IN CITY IMPOSING MASS TRANSIT SALES AND USE TAX.

SECTION 5. The heading to Section 26.07, Tax Code, is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 26.07. ELECTION TO REDUCE TAX RATE OF SMALL TAXING UNIT [REPEAL INCREASE].

SECTION 6. Section 26.07(a), Tax Code, is amended to read as follows:

(a) If the governing body of a <u>small</u> taxing unit [other than a school district] adopts a tax rate that exceeds the <u>taxing unit's</u> rollback tax rate calculated as provided by this chapter, the qualified voters of the taxing unit by petition may require that an election be held to determine whether or not to reduce the tax rate adopted for the current year to the rollback tax rate calculated as provided by this chapter.

SECTION 7. The heading to Section 26.08, Tax Code, is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 26.08. ELECTION TO APPROVE TAX RATE OF TAXING UNIT OTHER THAN SMALL TAXING UNIT [RATIFY SCHOOL TAXES].

SECTION 8. Section 26.08, Tax Code, is amended by amending Subsections (a), (b), (d), (d-1), (d-2), (e), and (h) and adding Subsection (r) to read as follows:

- (a) If the governing body of a taxing unit other than a small taxing unit [sehool district] adopts a tax rate that exceeds the taxing unit's [district's] rollback tax rate, the registered voters of the taxing unit [district] at an election held for that purpose must determine whether to approve the adopted tax rate. When increased expenditure of money by a school district is necessary to respond to a disaster, including a tornado, hurricane, flood, or other calamity, but not including a drought, that has impacted the [a] school district and the governor has requested federal disaster assistance for the area in which the school district is located, an election is not required under this section to approve the tax rate adopted by the governing body for the year following the year in which the disaster occurs.
- (b) The governing body shall order that the election be held in the taxing unit [sehool district] on a date not less than 30 or more than 90 days after the day on which it adopted the tax rate. Section 41.001, Election Code, does not apply to the election unless a date specified by that section falls within the time permitted by this section. At the election, the ballots shall be prepared to permit voting for or against the proposition: "Approving the ad valorem tax rate of \$_____ per \$100 valuation in (name of taxing unit [sehool district]) for the current year, a rate that is \$_____ higher per \$100 valuation than the [sehool district] rollback tax rate of (name of taxing unit),

for the purpose of (description of purpose of increase)." The ballot proposition must include the adopted tax rate and the difference between that rate and the rollback tax rate in the appropriate places.

- (d) If the proposition is not approved as provided by Subsection (c), the governing body may not adopt a tax rate for the <u>taxing unit</u> [sehool district] for the current year that exceeds the taxing unit's [sehool district's] rollback tax rate.
- (d-1) If, after tax bills for the taxing unit [sehool district] have been mailed, a proposition to approve the taxing unit's [sehool district's] adopted tax rate is not approved by the voters of the taxing unit [district] at an election held under this section, on subsequent adoption of a new tax rate by the governing body of the taxing unit [district], the assessor for the taxing unit [sehool] shall prepare and mail corrected tax bills. The assessor shall include with each bill a brief explanation of the reason for and effect of the corrected bill. The date on which the taxes become delinquent for the year is extended by a number of days equal to the number of days between the date the first tax bills were sent and the date the corrected tax bills were sent.
- (d-2) If a property owner pays taxes calculated using the originally adopted tax rate of the taxing unit [school district] and the proposition to approve the adopted tax rate is not approved by the voters, the taxing unit [school district] shall refund the difference between the amount of taxes paid and the amount due under the subsequently adopted rate if the difference between the amount of taxes paid and the amount due under the subsequent rate is \$1 or more. If the difference between the amount of taxes paid and the amount due under the subsequent rate is less than \$1, the taxing unit [school district] shall refund the difference on request of the taxpayer. An application for a refund of less than \$1 must be made within 90 days after the date the refund becomes due or the taxpayer forfeits the right to the refund.
- (e) For purposes of this section, local tax funds dedicated to a junior college district under Section 45.105(e), Education Code, shall be eliminated from the calculation of the tax rate adopted by the governing body of \underline{a} [the] school district. However, the funds dedicated to the junior college district are subject to Section 26.085.
- (h) For purposes of this section, increases in taxable values and tax levies occurring within a reinvestment zone under Chapter 311 (Tax Increment Financing Act), in which <u>a school</u> [the] district is a participant, shall be eliminated from the calculation of the tax rate adopted by the governing body of the school district.
- (r) Except as otherwise expressly provided by law, this section does not apply to a tax imposed by a taxing unit if a provision of an uncodified local or special law enacted by the 85th Legislature, Regular Session, 2017, or by an earlier legislature provides that Section 26.07 does not apply to a tax imposed by the taxing unit.

SECTION 9. Section 26.16(d), Tax Code, is amended to read as follows:

(d) The county assessor-collector shall post immediately below the table prescribed by Subsection (c) the following statement:

"The county is providing this table of property tax rate information as a service to the residents of the county. Each individual taxing unit is responsible for calculating the property tax rates listed in this table pertaining to that taxing unit and providing that information to the county.

"The adopted tax rate is the tax rate adopted by the governing body of a taxing unit.

"The maintenance and operations rate is the component of the adopted tax rate of a taxing unit that will impose the amount of taxes needed to fund maintenance and operation expenditures of the unit for the following year.

"The debt rate is the component of the adopted tax rate of a taxing unit that will impose the amount of taxes needed to fund the unit's debt service for the following year.

"The effective tax rate is the tax rate that would generate the same amount of revenue in the current tax year as was generated by a taxing unit's adopted tax rate in the preceding tax year from property that is taxable in both the current tax year and the preceding tax year.

"The effective maintenance and operations rate is the tax rate that would generate the same amount of revenue for maintenance and operations in the current tax year as was generated by a taxing unit's maintenance and operations rate in the preceding tax year from property that is taxable in both the current tax year and the preceding tax year.

"The rollback tax rate is the highest tax rate a taxing unit may adopt before requiring voter approval at an election. In the case of a small taxing unit [other than a sehool district], the voters by petition may require that a rollback election be held if the unit adopts a tax rate in excess of the unit's rollback tax rate. In the case of a taxing unit other than a small taxing unit [sehool district], an election will automatically be held if the unit [district] wishes to adopt a tax rate in excess of the unit's [district's] rollback tax rate."

SECTION 10. Sections 31.12(a) and (b), Tax Code, as amended by S.B. 2242, Acts of the 85th Legislature, Regular Session, 2017, are amended to read as follows:

- (a) If a refund of a tax provided by Section 11.431(b), 26.07(g), 26.08(d-2), 26.15(f), 31.11, 31.111, or 31.112 is paid on or before the 60th day after the date the liability for the refund arises, no interest is due on the amount refunded. If not paid on or before that 60th day, the amount of the tax to be refunded accrues interest at a rate of one percent for each month or part of a month that the refund is unpaid, beginning with the date on which the liability for the refund arises.
 - (b) For purposes of this section, liability for a refund arises:
- (1) if the refund is required by Section 11.431(b), on the date the chief appraiser notifies the collector for the unit of the approval of the late homestead exemption;
- (2) if the refund is required by Section 26.07(g), on the date the results of the election to reduce the tax rate are certified;
- (3) if the refund is required by Section 26.08(d-2), on the date the subsequent tax rate is adopted;
 - (4) if the refund is required by Section 26.15(f):
- (A) for a correction to the tax roll made under Section 26.15(b), on the date the change in the tax roll is certified to the assessor for the taxing unit under Section 25.25; or
- (B) for a correction to the tax roll made under Section 26.15(c), on the date the change in the tax roll is ordered by the governing body of the taxing unit;

- (5) [(4)] if the refund is required by Section 31.11, on the date the auditor for the taxing unit determines that the payment was erroneous or excessive or, if the amount of the refund exceeds the applicable amount specified by Section 31.11(a), on the date the governing body of the unit approves the refund;
- (6) [(5)] if the refund is required by Section 31.111, on the date the collector for the taxing unit determines that the payment was erroneous; or
- (7) [(6)] if the refund is required by Section 31.112, on the date required by Section 31.112(d) or (e), as applicable.

SECTION 11. Section 33.08(b), Tax Code, is amended to read as follows:

(b) The governing body of the taxing unit or appraisal district, in the manner required by law for official action, may provide that taxes that become delinquent on or after June 1 under Section 26.07(f), 26.08(d-1), 26.15(e), 31.03, 31.031, 31.032, 31.04, or 42.42 incur an additional penalty to defray costs of collection. The amount of the penalty may not exceed the amount of the compensation specified in the applicable contract with an attorney under Section 6.30 to be paid in connection with the collection of the delinquent taxes.

SECTION 12. Section 130.016(b), Education Code, is amended to read as follows:

(b) If the board of trustees of an independent school district that divests itself of the management, control, and operation of a junior college district under this section or under Section 130.017 [of this code] was authorized by [Subsection (e) of] Section 45.105(e) or under former Section 20.48(e) [20.48 of this code] to dedicate a portion of its tax levy to the junior college district before the divestment, the junior college district may levy an ad valorem tax from and after the divestment. In the first two years in which the junior college district levies an ad valorem tax, the tax rate adopted by the governing body may not exceed the rate that, if applied to the total taxable value submitted to the governing body under Section 26.04, Tax Code, would impose an amount equal to the amount of taxes of the school district dedicated to the junior college under [Subsection (e) of] Section 45.105(e) or former Section 20.48(e) [20.48 of this code] in the last dedication before the divestment. In subsequent years, the tax rate of the junior college district is subject to Section 26.07 or 26.08, Tax Code, as applicable.

SECTION 13. Sections 281.124(d) and (e), Health and Safety Code, are amended to read as follows:

- (d) If a majority of the votes cast in the election favor the proposition, the tax rate for the specified tax year is the rate approved by the voters, and that rate is not subject to a rollback election under Section 26.07 or 26.08, Tax Code. The board shall adopt the tax rate as provided by Chapter 26, Tax Code, as applicable.
- (e) If the proposition is not approved as provided by Subsection (c), the board may not adopt a tax rate for the district for the specified tax year that exceeds the rate that was not approved, and Section 26.07 or 26.08, Tax Code, as applicable, applies to the adopted rate if that rate exceeds the district's rollback tax rate.

SECTION 14. Section 140.010, Local Government Code, is amended by amending Subsections (a), (e), (f), and (g) and adding Subsection (e-1) to read as follows:

(a) In this section:

- (1) "Effective[, "effective] tax rate" and "rollback tax rate" mean the effective tax rate and rollback tax rate of a county or municipality, as applicable, as calculated under Chapter 26, Tax Code.
- (2) "Small taxing unit" has the meaning assigned by Section 26.012, Tax Code.
- (e) A county or municipality that is a small taxing unit and that proposes a property tax rate that exceeds the lower of the effective tax rate or the rollback tax rate shall provide the following notice:

"NOTICE OF (INSERT CURRENT TAX YEAR) TAX YEAR PROPOSED PROPERTY TAX RATE FOR (INSERT NAME OF COUNTY OR MUNICIPALITY)

"A tax rate of \$_____ per \$100 valuation has been proposed for adoption by the governing body of (insert name of county or municipality). This rate exceeds the lower of the effective or rollback tax rate, and state law requires that two public hearings be held by the governing body before adopting the proposed tax rate. The governing body of (insert name of county or municipality) proposes to use revenue attributable to the tax rate increase for the purpose of (description of purpose of increase).

PROPOSED TAX RATE	\$ per \$100
PRECEDING YEAR'S TAX RATE	\$ per \$100
EFFECTIVE TAX RATE	\$ per \$100
ROLLBACK TAX RATE	\$ per \$100

"The effective tax rate is the total tax rate needed to raise the same amount of property tax revenue for (insert name of county or municipality) from the same properties in both the (insert preceding tax year) tax year and the (insert current tax year) tax year. "The rollback tax rate is the highest tax rate that (insert name of county or municipality) may adopt before the voters are entitled to petition for an election to limit the rate that may be approved to the rollback tax rate.

"YOUR TAXES OWED UNDER ANY OF THE ABOVE RATES CAN BE CALCULATED AS FOLLOWS:

property tax amount = (rate) x (taxable value of your property) / 100 "For assistance or detailed information about tax calculations, please contact:

(insert name of county or municipal tax assessor-collector)

(insert name of county or municipality) tax assessor-collector

(insert address)

(insert telephone number)

(insert e-mail address)

(insert Internet website address, if applicable)

"You are urged to attend and express your views at the following public hearings on the proposed tax rate:

First Hearing: (insert date and time) at (insert location of meeting).

Second Hearing: (insert date and time) at (insert location of meeting)."

(e-1) A county or municipality that is not a small taxing unit and that proposes a property tax rate that exceeds the lower of the effective tax rate or the rollback tax rate shall provide the following notice:

"NOTICE OF (INSERT CURRENT TAX YEAR) TAX YEAR PROPOSED PROPERTY TAX RATE FOR (INSERT NAME OF COUNTY OR MUNICIPALITY)

per \$100 valuation has been proposed for adoption by the "A tax rate of \$ governing body of (insert name of county or municipality). This rate exceeds the lower of the effective or rollback tax rate, and state law requires that two public hearings be held by the governing body before adopting the proposed tax rate. The governing body of (insert name of county or municipality) proposes to use revenue attributable to the tax rate increase for the purpose of (description of purpose of increase).

PROPOSED TAX RATE	\$ per \$100
PRECEDING YEAR'S TAX RATE	\$per \$100
EFFECTIVE TAX RATE	\$ per \$100
ROLLBACK TAX RATE	\$ per \$100

"The effective tax rate is the total tax rate needed to raise the same amount of property tax revenue for (insert name of county or municipality) from the same properties in both the (insert preceding tax year) tax year and the (insert current tax year) tax year.

"The rollback tax rate is the highest tax rate that (insert name of county or municipality) may adopt before the (insert "county" or "city") is required to hold an election to limit the rate that may be approved to the rollback tax rate.

"YOUR TAXES OWED UNDER ANY OF THE ABOVE RATES CAN BE CALCULATED AS FOLLOWS:

property tax amount = (rate) x (taxable value of your property) / 100"For assistance or detailed information about tax calculations, please contact:

(insert name of county or municipal tax assessor-collector)

(insert name of county or municipality) tax assessor-collector

(insert address)

(insert telephone number)

(insert e-mail address)

(insert Internet website address, if applicable)

"You are urged to attend and express your views at the following public hearings on the proposed tax rate:

First Hearing: (insert date and time) at (insert location of meeting).
Second Hearing: (insert date and time) at (insert location of meeting)."

- (f) A county or municipality shall:
- (1) provide the notice required by Subsection (d), [et] (e), or (e-1), as applicable, not later than the later of September 1 or the 30th day after the first date that the taxing unit has received each applicable certified appraisal roll by:
 - (A) publishing the notice in a newspaper having general circulation in:
 - (i) the county, in the case of notice published by a county; or
- (ii) the county in which the municipality is located or primarily located, in the case of notice published by a municipality; or
 - (B) mailing the notice to each property owner in:
 - (i) the county, in the case of notice provided by a county; or
- (ii) the municipality, in the case of notice provided by a municipality; and

- (2) post the notice on the Internet website of the county or municipality, if applicable, beginning not later than the later of September 1 or the 30th day after the first date that the taxing unit has received each applicable certified appraisal roll and continuing until the county or municipality adopts a tax rate.
- (g) If the notice required by Subsection (d), [et] (e), or (e-1) is published in a newspaper:
- (1) the notice may not be smaller than one-quarter page of a standard-size or a tabloid-size newspaper; and
 - (2) the headline on the notice must be in 24-point or larger type.
- SECTION 15. Section 1122.2522, Special District Local Laws Code, is amended by amending Subsection (a) and adding Subsection (a-1) to read as follows:
- (a) If in any year the board adopts a tax rate that exceeds the rollback tax rate calculated as provided by Chapter 26, Tax Code, and the district is a small taxing unit as defined by Section 26.012 of that code, the qualified voters of the district by petition may require that an election be held to determine whether or not to reduce the tax rate adopted by the board for that year to the rollback tax rate.
- (a-1) If in any year the board adopts a tax rate that exceeds the rollback tax rate calculated as provided by Chapter 26, Tax Code, and the district is not a small taxing unit as defined by Section 26.012 of that code, an election must be held to determine whether or not to approve the tax rate adopted by the board for that year.

SECTION 16. Sections 3828.157 and 8876.152, Special District Local Laws Code, are amended to read as follows:

Sec. 3828.157. INAPPLICABILITY OF CERTAIN TAX CODE PROVISIONS. Sections 26.04, 26.05, [and] 26.07, and 26.08, Tax Code, do not apply to a tax imposed under Section 3828.153 or 3828.156.

Sec. 8876.152. APPLICABILITY OF CERTAIN TAX PROVISIONS. (a) Sections 26.04, 26.05, 26.06, [and] 26.07, and 26.08, Tax Code, do not apply to a tax imposed by the district.

(b) Sections 49.236(a)(1) and (2) and (b) [Section 49.236], Water Code, apply [as added by Chapter 248 (H.B. 1541), Acts of the 78th Legislature, Regular Session, 2003, applies] to the district.

SECTION 17. Section 49.107(g), Water Code, is amended to read as follows:

(g) Sections 26.04, 26.05, [and] 26.07, and 26.08, Tax Code, do not apply to a tax levied and collected under this section or an ad valorem tax levied and collected for the payment of the interest on and principal of bonds issued by a district.

SECTION 18. Section 49.108(f), Water Code, is amended to read as follows:

(f) Sections 26.04, 26.05, [and] 26.07, and 26.08, Tax Code, do not apply to a tax levied and collected for payments made under a contract approved in accordance with this section.

SECTION 19. Section 49.236, Water Code, as added by Chapter 335 (S.B. 392), Acts of the 78th Legislature, Regular Session, 2003, is amended by amending Subsections (a) and (d) and adding Subsections (e), (f), (g), (h), (i), (j), (k), (l), and (m) to read as follows:

- (a) Before the board adopts an ad valorem tax rate for the district for debt service, operation and maintenance purposes, or contract purposes, the board shall give notice of each meeting of the board at which the adoption of a tax rate will be considered. The notice must:
 - (1) contain a statement in substantially the following form:

"NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING ON TAX RATE

"The (name of the district) will hold a public hearing on a proposed tax rate for the tax year (year of tax levy) on (date and time) at (meeting place). Your individual taxes may increase or decrease, depending on the change in the taxable value of your property in relation to the change in taxable value of all other property and the tax rate that is adopted.

"(Names of all board members and, if a vote was taken, an indication of how each voted on the proposed tax rate and an indication of any absences.)";

- (2) contain the following information:
- (A) the district's total adopted tax rate for the preceding year and the proposed tax rate, expressed as an amount per \$100;
- (B) the difference, expressed as an amount per \$100 and as a percent increase or decrease, as applicable, in the proposed tax rate compared to the adopted tax rate for the preceding year;
- (C) the average appraised value of a residence homestead in the district in the preceding year and in the current year; the district's total homestead exemption, other than an exemption available only to disabled persons or persons 65 years of age or older, applicable to that appraised value in each of those years; and the average taxable value of a residence homestead in the district in each of those years, disregarding any homestead exemption available only to disabled persons or persons 65 years of age or older;
- (D) the amount of tax that would have been imposed by the district in the preceding year on a residence homestead appraised at the average appraised value of a residence homestead in that year, disregarding any homestead exemption available only to disabled persons or persons 65 years of age or older;
- (E) the amount of tax that would be imposed by the district in the current year on a residence homestead appraised at the average appraised value of a residence homestead in that year, disregarding any homestead exemption available only to disabled persons or persons 65 years of age or older, if the proposed tax rate is adopted; [and]
- (F) the difference between the amounts of tax calculated under Paragraphs (D) and (E), expressed in dollars and cents and described as the annual percentage increase or decrease, as applicable, in the tax to be imposed by the district on the average residence homestead in the district in the current year if the proposed tax rate is adopted; and
- (G) if the proposed combined debt service, operation and maintenance, and contract tax rate authorizes or requires an election in the district to approve the tax rate, a description of the purpose of the proposed tax increase; and
 - (3) contain a statement in substantially the following form, as applicable:
 - (A) if the district is a small taxing unit:

"NOTICE OF TAXPAYERS' RIGHT TO ROLLBACK ELECTION

"If taxes on the average residence homestead increase by more than eight percent, the qualified voters of the district by petition may require that an election be held to determine whether to approve [reduce] the [operation and maintenance] tax rate [to the rollback tax rate] under Section 49.236(d), Water Code."; or

(B) if the district is a taxing unit other than a small taxing unit:

"NOTICE OF VOTE ON TAX RATE

"If taxes on the average residence homestead increase by more than six percent, an election must be held to determine whether to approve the tax rate under Section 49.236(i), Water Code."

- (d) This subsection and Subsections (e)-(h) apply to a district only if the district is a small taxing unit. If the board [governing body] of the [a] district adopts a combined debt service, operation and maintenance, and contract tax rate that would impose more than 1.08 times the amount of tax imposed by the district in the preceding year on a residence homestead appraised at the average appraised value of a residence homestead in the district in that year, disregarding any homestead exemption available only to disabled persons or persons 65 years of age or older, the qualified voters of the district by petition may require that an election be held to determine whether [or not] to approve [reduce] the tax rate adopted for the current year [to the rollback tax rate] in accordance with the procedures provided by Subsections (e)-(h) of this section and Section [Sections 26.07(b)-(g) and] 26.081, Tax Code.
 - (e) A petition under Subsection (d) is valid only if:
- (1) it states that it is intended to require an election in the district on the question of approving the tax rate adopted for the current year;
- (2) it is signed by a number of registered voters of the district equal to at least:
- (A) seven percent of the number of registered voters of the district according to the most recent official list of registered voters if the tax rate adopted for the current tax year would impose taxes for operation and maintenance in an amount of at least \$5 million; or
- (B) 10 percent of the number of registered voters of the district according to the most recent official list of registered voters if the tax rate adopted for the current tax year would impose taxes for operation and maintenance in an amount of less than \$5 million; and
- (3) it is submitted to the board on or before the 90th day after the date on which the board adopted the tax rate for the current year.
- (f) Not later than the 20th day after the day a petition is submitted, the board shall determine whether or not the petition is valid and pass a resolution stating its finding. If the board fails to act within the time allowed, the petition is treated as if it had been found valid.
- (g) If the board finds that the petition is valid (or fails to act within the time allowed), it shall order that an election be held in the district on a date not less than 30 or more than 90 days after the last day on which it could have acted to approve or disapprove the petition. A state law requiring local elections to be held on a specified date does not apply to the election unless a specified date falls within the time

permitted by this subsection. At the election, the ballots shall be prepared to permit voting for or against the proposition: "Approving the ad valorem tax rate of \$_____ per \$100 valuation in (name of district) for the current year, a rate that is \$_____ higher per \$100 valuation than the district's rollback tax rate, for the purpose of (description of purpose of increase)." The ballot proposition must include the adopted tax rate and the difference between that rate and the rollback tax rate in the appropriate places.

- (h) Sections 26.08(c), (d), (d-1), and (d-2), Tax Code, apply to an election under Subsection (d) of this section in the same manner as those subsections apply to an election under Section 26.08, Tax Code.
- (i) This subsection applies to a district only if the district is a taxing unit other than a small taxing unit. If the board of the district adopts a combined debt service, operation and maintenance, and contract tax rate that would impose more than 1.06 times the amount of tax imposed by the district in the preceding year on a residence homestead appraised at the average appraised value of a residence homestead in the district in that year, disregarding any homestead exemption available only to disabled persons or persons 65 years of age or older, an election must be held to determine whether to approve the tax rate adopted for the current year in accordance with the procedures provided by Sections 26.08(b), (c), (d), (d-1), and (d-2), Tax Code.
- (j) For purposes of Subsection (d) [Sections 26.07(b) (g) and this subsection], the rollback tax rate of a district is the sum of the following tax rates:
 - (1) the current year's debt service tax rate;
 - (2) the current year's [and] contract tax rate; and
- (3) [rates plus] the operation and maintenance tax rate that would impose 1.08 times the amount of the operation and maintenance tax imposed by the district in the preceding year on a residence homestead appraised at the average appraised value of a residence homestead in the district in that year, disregarding any homestead exemption available only to disabled persons or persons 65 years of age or older.
- (k) For purposes of Subsection (i), the rollback tax rate of a district is the sum of the following tax rates:
 - (1) the current year's debt service tax rate;
 - (2) the current year's contract tax rate; and
- (3) the operation and maintenance tax rate that would impose 1.06 times the amount of the operation and maintenance tax imposed by the district in the preceding year on a residence homestead appraised at the average appraised value of a residence homestead in the district in that year, disregarding any homestead exemption available only to disabled persons or persons 65 years of age or older.
- (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the board of a district that is a taxing unit other than a small taxing unit may substitute "eight percent" for "six percent" in Subsection (a)(3)(B) and "1.08" for "1.06" in Subsections (i) and (k) if any part of the district is located in an area declared a disaster area during the current tax year by the governor or by the president of the United States. The board may continue doing so until the earlier of:
- (1) the first tax year in which the total taxable value of property taxable by the district as shown on the appraisal roll for the district submitted by the assessor for the district to the board exceeds the total taxable value of property taxable by the district on January 1 of the tax year in which the disaster occurred; or

- (2) the third tax year after the tax year in which the disaster occurred.
- (m) In this section:
- (1) "Small taxing unit" has the meaning assigned by Section 26.012, Tax Code.
 - (2) "Taxing unit" has the meaning assigned by Section 1.04, Tax Code.
 - SECTION 20. The following provisions are repealed:
- (1) Section 49.236, Water Code, as added by Chapter 248 (H.B. 1541), Acts of the 78th Legislature, Regular Session, 2003; and
 - (2) Section 49.2361, Water Code.

SECTION 21. This Act takes effect January 1, 2018.

Floor Amendment No. 1 on Third Reading

Amend **SB 1** on third reading as follows:

- (1) Add the following appropriately numbered SECTIONS to the bill:
- SECTION ____. This Act may be cited as the Property Tax Payer Empowerment Act of 2017.

SECTION . Section 1.085(a), Tax Code, is amended to read as follows:

(a) Notwithstanding any other provision in this title and except as provided by this section, any notice, rendition, application form, or completed application, or information requested under Section 41.461(a)(2), that is required or permitted by this title to be delivered between a chief appraiser, an appraisal district, an appraisal review board, or any combination of those persons and a property owner or [between a chief appraiser, an appraisal district, an appraisal review board, or any combination of those persons and] a person designated by a property owner under Section 1.111(f) may be delivered in an electronic format if the chief appraiser and the property owner or person designated by the owner agree under this section.

SECTION _____. Chapter 5, Tax Code, is amended by adding Section 5.01 to read as follows:

- Sec. 5.01. PROPERTY TAX ADMINISTRATION ADVISORY BOARD.

 (a) The comptroller shall appoint the property tax administration advisory board to advise the comptroller with respect to the division or divisions within the office of the comptroller with primary responsibility for state administration of property taxation and state oversight of appraisal districts and local tax offices. The advisory board may make recommendations to the comptroller regarding improving the effectiveness and efficiency of the property tax system, best practices, and complaint resolution procedures. In addition, the advisory board may identify inconsistent or contradictory provisions of this title that result in inconsistent administration of property taxation, and the comptroller shall notify the legislature before the next legislative session of any such findings made by the advisory board. The comptroller shall post the recommendations of the advisory board on the comptroller's Internet website.
- (b) The advisory board is composed of at least six members appointed by the comptroller. The members of the board should include:
- (1) representatives of property tax payers, appraisal districts, and school districts and other taxing units; and
 - (2) a person who has knowledge or experience in conducting ratio studies.
 - (c) The members of the advisory board serve at the pleasure of the comptroller.

- (d) Any advice to the comptroller relating to a matter described by Subsection (a) that is provided by a member of the advisory board must be provided at a meeting called by the comptroller.
- (e) Chapter 2110, Government Code, does not apply to the advisory board.

 SECTION _____. Sections 5.041(b), (c), (e-1), and (e-3), Tax Code, are amended to read as follows:
- (b) A member of the appraisal review board established for an appraisal district must complete the course established under Subsection (a). The course must provide at least eight hours of classroom training and education. A member of the appraisal review board may not participate in a hearing conducted by the board unless the person has completed the course established under Subsection (a) and received a certificate of course completion.
- (c) The comptroller may contract with service providers to assist with the duties imposed under Subsection (a), but the course required may not be provided by an appraisal district, the chief appraiser or another employee of an appraisal district, a member of the board of directors of an appraisal district, a member of an appraisal review board, or a taxing unit. The comptroller may assess a fee to recover a portion of the costs incurred for the training course, but the fee may not exceed \$50 per person trained. If the training is provided to an individual other than a member of an appraisal review board, the comptroller may assess a fee not to exceed \$50 per person trained.
- (e-1) In addition to the course established under Subsection (a), the comptroller shall approve curricula and provide materials for use in a continuing education course for members of an appraisal review board. The course must provide at least four hours of classroom training and education. The curricula and materials must include information regarding:
- (1) the cost, income, and market data comparison methods of appraising property;
 - (2) the appraisal of business personal property;
 - (3) the determination of capitalization rates for property appraisal purposes;
 - (4) the duties of an appraisal review board;
- (5) the requirements regarding the independence of an appraisal review board from the board of directors and the chief appraiser and other employees of the appraisal district;
- (6) the prohibitions against ex parte communications applicable to appraisal review board members;
 - (7) the Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice;
- (8) the duty of the appraisal district to substantiate the district's determination of the value of property;
 - (9) the requirements regarding the equal and uniform appraisal of property;
- (10) the right of a property owner to protest the appraisal of the property as provided by Chapter 41; and
- (11) a detailed explanation of each of the actions described by Sections 25.25, 41.41(a), 41.411, 41.412, 41.413, 41.42, and 41.43 so that members are fully aware of each of the grounds on which a property appraisal can be appealed.

- (e-3) The comptroller may contract with service providers to assist with the duties imposed under Subsection (e-1), but the course required by that subsection may not be provided by an appraisal district, the chief appraiser or another employee of an appraisal district, a member of the board of directors of an appraisal district, a member of an appraisal review board, or a taxing unit. The comptroller may assess a fee to recover a portion of the costs incurred for the continuing education course, but the fee may not exceed \$50 for each person trained. If the training is provided to an individual other than a member of an appraisal review board, the comptroller may assess a fee not to exceed \$50 per person trained.
- SECTION _____. Chapter 5, Tax Code, is amended by adding Section 5.043 to read as follows:
- Sec. 5.043. TRAINING OF ARBITRATORS. (a) This section applies only to persons who have agreed to serve as arbitrators under Chapter 41A.
 - (b) The comptroller shall:
- (1) approve curricula and provide an arbitration manual and other materials for use in training and educating arbitrators;
- (2) make all materials for use in training and educating arbitrators freely available online; and
- (3) establish and supervise a training program on property tax law for the training and education of arbitrators.
 - (c) The training program must:
- (1) emphasize the requirements regarding the equal and uniform appraisal of property; and
 - (2) be at least four hours in length.
- (d) The training program may be provided online. The comptroller by rule may prescribe the manner by which the comptroller may verify that a person taking the training program online has taken and completed the program.
- (e) The comptroller may contract with service providers to assist with the duties imposed under Subsection (b), but the training program may not be provided by an appraisal district, the chief appraiser or another employee of an appraisal district, a member of the board of directors of an appraisal district, a member of an appraisal review board, or a taxing unit. The comptroller may assess a fee to recover a portion of the costs incurred for the training program, but the fee may not exceed \$50 for each person trained.
- (f) The comptroller shall prepare an arbitration manual for use in the training program. The manual shall be updated regularly and may be revised on request, in writing, to the comptroller. The revised language must be approved by the unanimous agreement of a committee selected by the comptroller and representing, equally, taxpayers and chief appraisers. The person requesting the revision must pay the costs of mediation if the comptroller determines that mediation is required.
- SECTION _____. Section 5.07, Tax Code, is amended by adding Subsections (f), (g), (h), and (i) to read as follows:
- (f) The comptroller shall prescribe tax rate calculation forms to be used by the designated officer or employee of each:

- (1) taxing unit other than a school district to calculate and submit the no-new-revenue tax rate and the rollback tax rate for the unit as required by Chapter 26; and
- (2) school district to calculate and submit the no-new-revenue tax rate, the rollback tax rate, and the rate to maintain the same amount of state and local revenue per weighted student that the district received in the school year beginning in the preceding tax year as required by Chapter 26.
 - (g) The forms described by Subsection (f) must be in an electronic format and:
 - (1) have blanks that can be filled in electronically;
- (2) be capable of being certified by the designated officer or employee after completion as accurately calculating the applicable tax rates and using values that are the same as the values shown in the taxing unit's certified appraisal roll; and
- (3) be capable of being submitted electronically to the chief appraiser of each appraisal district in which the taxing unit is located.
- (h) For purposes of Subsections (f) and (g), the comptroller shall use the forms published on the comptroller's Internet website as of August 1, 2017, modified as necessary to comply with the requirements of those subsections. The forms may be updated, at the discretion of the comptroller acting through the director of the property tax assistance division, to reflect statutory changes that do not substantially change the tax rate calculations provided for by the form or for the purpose of making formatting or other nonsubstantive changes. The director may determine, in the director's discretion, whether a proposed change substantially changes the tax rate calculations provided for by the forms and therefore must be made in the manner provided by Subsection (i).
- (i) The comptroller may revise the forms to reflect statutory changes that substantially change the tax rate calculations provided for by the forms or on receipt of a request in writing. A revision under this subsection must be approved by the agreement of a majority of the members of a committee selected by the comptroller who are present at a committee meeting at which a quorum is present. The members of the committee must represent, equally, taxpayers and either taxing units or persons designated by taxing units. In the case of a revision for which the comptroller receives a request in writing, the person requesting the revision shall pay the costs of mediation if the comptroller determines that mediation is required.

SECTION _____. Section 5.091, Tax Code, is amended to read as follows:

- Sec. 5.091. STATEWIDE LIST OF TAX RATES. (a) Each year the comptroller shall prepare a list that includes the total tax rate imposed by each taxing unit in this state, <u>as [other than a school district, if the tax rate is]</u> reported to the comptroller <u>by each appraisal district</u>, for the year [preceding the year] in which the list is prepared. The comptroller shall:
- (1) prescribe the manner in which and deadline by which appraisal districts are required to submit the tax rates to the comptroller; and
 - (2) list the tax rates alphabetically according to:
 - (A) the county or counties in which each taxing unit is located; and
 - (B) the name of each taxing unit [in descending order].

- (b) Not later than <u>January 1</u> [<u>December 31</u>] of <u>the following</u> [<u>each</u>] year, the comptroller shall publish on the comptroller's Internet website the list required by Subsection (a).
 - SECTION . Section 5.102(a), Tax Code, is amended to read as follows:
- (a) At least once every two years, the comptroller shall review the governance of each appraisal district, taxpayer assistance provided, and the operating and appraisal standards, procedures, and methodology used by each appraisal district, to determine compliance with generally accepted standards, procedures, and methodology. After consultation with the property tax administration advisory board [emmittee created under Section 403.302, Government Code], the comptroller by rule may establish procedures and standards for conducting and scoring the review.

SECTION _____. Chapter 5, Tax Code, is amended by adding Section 5.104 to read as follows:

- Sec. 5.104. APPRAISAL REVIEW BOARD SURVEY; REPORT. (a) The comptroller shall prepare:
- (1) an appraisal review board survey form that allows an individual described by Subsection (b) to submit comments and suggestions to the comptroller regarding an appraisal review board; and
 - (2) instructions for completing and submitting the form.
- (b) The following individuals may complete and submit a survey form under this section:
- (1) a property owner who files a motion under Section 25.25 to correct the appraisal roll or a protest under Chapter 41;
 - (2) the designated agent of the property owner; or
- (3) a designated representative of the appraisal district in which the motion or protest is filed who attends the hearing on the motion or protest.
- (c) The survey form must allow an individual to submit comments and suggestions regarding:
 - (1) the matters listed in Section 5.103(b);
- (2) the individual's right to offer evidence and arguments related to actions of any governmental entity that have adversely affected the value of the property subject to the survey that should be allowed for in the model hearing procedures; and
- (3) any other matter related to the fairness and efficiency of the appraisal review board.
- (d) An appraisal district must provide the survey form and the instructions for completing and submitting the form to each property owner or designated agent of the owner at or before each hearing conducted under Section 25.25 or Chapter 41 by the appraisal review board established for the appraisal district or by a panel of the board.
- (e) An individual who elects to submit the survey form must submit the form to the comptroller as provided by this section. An appraisal district may not accept a survey form submitted under this section. An individual may submit only one survey form for each motion or protest.
- (f) The comptroller shall allow an individual to submit a survey form to the comptroller in the following manner:
 - (1) in person;
 - (2) by mail;

- (3) by e-mail; or
- (4) through a web page that allows the individual to complete and submit the form electronically.
- (g) An appraisal district may not require a property owner or the designated agent of the owner to complete a survey form at the appraisal office in order to be permitted to submit the form to the comptroller.
- (h) A property owner or the designated agent of the owner who elects to submit a survey form must submit the form not later than the 45th day after the date the form is provided to the owner or agent under Subsection (d).
- (i) The comptroller shall issue an annual report that summarizes the information included in the survey forms submitted during the preceding year. The report may not disclose the identity of an individual who submitted a survey form.
 - (j) The comptroller may adopt rules necessary to implement this section.
- SECTION _____. Section 6.41, Tax Code, is amended by amending Subsections (b) and (d-9) and adding Subsections (b-1), (b-2), and (d-10) to read as follows:
- (b) Except as provided by Subsection (b-1) or (b-2), an appraisal review [The] board consists of three members.
- (b-1) An appraisal [However, the] district board of directors by resolution of a majority of the board's [its] members may increase the size of the district's appraisal review board to the number of members the board of directors considers appropriate.
- (b-2) An appraisal district board of directors for a district established in a county with a population of one million or more by resolution of a majority of the board's members shall increase the size of the district's appraisal review board to the number of members the board of directors considers appropriate to manage the duties of the appraisal review board, including the duties of each special panel established under Section 6.425.
- (d-9) In selecting individuals who are to serve as members of the appraisal review board, the local administrative district judge shall select an adequate number of qualified individuals to permit the chairman of the appraisal review board to fill the positions on each special panel established under Section 6.425.
- (d-10) Upon selection of the individuals who are to serve as members of the appraisal review board, the local administrative district judge shall enter an appropriate order designating such members and setting each member's respective term of office, as provided elsewhere in this section.
- SECTION _____. Sections 6.412(a) and (d), Tax Code, are amended to read as follows:
- (a) An individual is ineligible to serve on an appraisal review board if the individual:
- (1) is related within the second degree by consanguinity or affinity, as determined under Chapter 573, Government Code, to an individual who is engaged in the business of appraising property for compensation for use in proceedings under this title or of representing property owners for compensation in proceedings under this title in the appraisal district for which the appraisal review board is established;
- (2) owns property on which delinquent taxes have been owed to a taxing unit for more than 60 days after the date the individual knew or should have known of the delinquency unless:

- (A) the delinquent taxes and any penalties and interest are being paid under an installment payment agreement under Section 33.02; or
- (B) a suit to collect the delinquent taxes is deferred or abated under Section 33.06 or 33.065; or
- (3) is related within the third degree by consanguinity or within the second degree by affinity, as determined under Chapter 573, Government Code, to a member of:
 - (A) the appraisal district's board of directors; or
 - (B) the appraisal review board.
- (d) A person is ineligible to serve on the appraisal review board of an appraisal district established for a county described by Section 6.41(d-1) [having a population of more than 100,000] if the person:
- (1) is a former member of the board of directors, former officer, or former employee of the appraisal district;
- (2) served as a member of the governing body or officer of a taxing unit for which the appraisal district appraises property, until the fourth anniversary of the date the person ceased to be a member or officer; [er]
- (3) appeared before the appraisal review board for compensation during the two-year period preceding the date the person is appointed; or
- (4) served for all or part of three previous terms as a board member or auxiliary board member on the appraisal review board.

SECTION . Section 6.414(d), Tax Code, is amended to read as follows:

- (d) An auxiliary board member may hear taxpayer protests before the appraisal review board. An auxiliary board member may not hear taxpayer protests before a special panel established under Section 6.425 unless the member is eligible to be appointed to the special panel. If one or more auxiliary board members sit on a panel established under Section 6.425 or 41.45 to conduct a protest hearing, the number of regular appraisal review board members required by that section to constitute the panel is reduced by the number of auxiliary board members sitting. An auxiliary board member sitting on a panel is considered a regular board member for all purposes related to the conduct of the hearing.
- SECTION _____. Section 6.42, Tax Code, is amended by amending Subsection (a) and adding Subsection (d) to read as follows:
- (a) A majority of the appraisal review board constitutes a quorum. The <u>local</u> administrative district judge under Subchapter D, Chapter 74, Government Code, in the county in which [board of directors of] the appraisal district is established [by resolution] shall select a chairman and a secretary from among the members of the appraisal review board. The <u>judge</u> [board of directors of the appraisal district] is encouraged to select as chairman [of the appraisal review board] a member of the appraisal review board, if any, who has a background in law and property appraisal.
- (d) The concurrence of a majority of the members of the appraisal review board or a panel of the board present at a meeting of the board or panel is sufficient for a recommendation, determination, decision, or other action by the board or panel, and the concurrence of more than a majority of the members of the board or panel may not be required.

SECTION . Subchapter C, Chapter 6, Tax Code, is amended by adding Section 6.425 to read as follows:

- Sec. 6.425. SPECIAL APPRAISAL REVIEW BOARD PANELS IN CERTAIN DISTRICTS. (a) This section applies only to the appraisal review board for an appraisal district described by Section 6.41(b-2).
- (b) The appraisal review board shall establish special panels to conduct protest hearings under Chapter 41 relating to property that:
- (1) has an appraised value of \$50 million or more as determined by the appraisal district; and
 - (2) is included in one of the following classifications:
 - (A) commercial real and personal property;
 - (B) real and personal property of utilities;
 - (C) industrial and manufacturing real and personal property; and
 - (D) multifamily residential real property.
- (c) Each special panel described by this section consists of three members of the appraisal review board appointed by the chairman of the board.
- (d) To be eligible to be appointed to a special panel described by this section, a member of the appraisal review board must:

 - (1) hold a juris doctor or equivalent degree;
 (2) hold a master of business administration degree;
- (3) be licensed as a certified public accountant under Chapter 901, Occupations Code;
- (4) be accredited by the American Society of Appraisers as an accredited senior appraiser;
 - (5) possess an MAI professional designation from the Appraisal Institute;
- (6) possess a Certified Assessment Evaluator (CAE) professional designation from the International Association of Assessing Officers;
- (7) have at least 20 years of experience in property tax appraisal or consulting; or
- (8) be licensed as a real estate broker or sales agent under Chapter 1101, Occupations Code.
- (e) Notwithstanding Subsection (d), the chairman of the appraisal review board may appoint to a special panel described by this section a member of the appraisal review board who does not meet the qualifications prescribed by that subsection if:
- (1) the number of persons appointed to the board by the local administrative district judge who meet those qualifications is not sufficient to fill the positions on each special panel; and
- (2) the board member being appointed to the panel holds a bachelor's degree in any field.
- (f) In addition to conducting protest hearings relating to property described by Subsection (b) of this section, a special panel may conduct protest hearings under Chapter 41 relating to property not described by Subsection (b) of this section as assigned by the chairman of the appraisal review board.

 SECTION ____. Section 23.02, Tax Code, is amended to read as follows:

- Sec. 23.02. REAPPRAISAL OF PROPERTY DAMAGED IN DISASTER AREA. (a) The chief appraiser of an appraisal district that appraises property for [governing body of] a taxing unit that is located partly or entirely inside an area declared to be a disaster area by the governor shall reappraise [may authorize reappraisal of] all property that the Federal Emergency Management Agency or its successor agency estimates to have sustained five percent or greater damage as a result of [damaged in] the disaster at its market value immediately after the disaster.
- (a-1) Notwithstanding Subsection (a), a property owner may refuse to have the owner's property reappraised under this section.
- (b) The chief appraiser [If a taxing unit authorizes a reappraisal pursuant to this section, the appraisal office] shall complete the reappraisal not later than the 45th day after the date the governor declares the area to be a disaster area [as soon as practicable].
- (b-1) Notwithstanding Subsection (b), if the Federal Emergency Management Agency or its successor agency does not complete the damage estimates described by Subsection (a) on or before the deadline for completing the reappraisal prescribed by Subsection (b), the chief appraiser shall complete the reappraisal as soon as practicable after the damage estimates are completed.
- (b-2) The chief appraiser [appraisal office] shall include on the appraisal records, in addition to other information required or authorized by law:
 - (1) the date of the disaster; and
 - (2) the appraised value of the property after the disaster[; and
- [(3) if the reappraisal is not authorized by all taxing units in which the property is located, an indication of the taxing units to which the reappraisal applies].
- (c) A taxing unit for which property is reappraised [that authorizes a reappraisal] under this section must pay the appraisal district all the costs of making the reappraisal. If property in the same territory is reappraised for two or more taxing units [provide for the reappraisal in the same territory], each unit shall share the costs of the reappraisal in that territory in the proportion the total dollar amount of taxes each unit imposed in that territory in the preceding year bears to the total dollar amount of taxes all units [providing for reappraisal of that territory] imposed in that territory in the preceding year.
- (d) If property damaged in a disaster is reappraised for a taxing unit as provided by this section, the governing body of the taxing unit shall provide for prorating the taxes on the property for the year in which the disaster occurred. The [If the taxes are] prorated[7] taxes due on the property are determined as follows: the taxes on the property based on its value on January 1 of that year are multiplied by a fraction, the denominator of which is 365 and the numerator of which is the number of days before the date the disaster occurred; the taxes on the property based on its reappraised value are multiplied by a fraction, the denominator of which is 365 and the numerator of which is the number of days, including the date the disaster occurred, remaining in the year; and the total of the two amounts is the amount of taxes on the property for the year.
- (e) The comptroller may adopt rules to implement and administer this section. SECTION _____. Effective January 1, 2019, Section 25.19, Tax Code, is amended by adding Subsections (b-3) and (b-4) to read as follows:

- (b-3) This subsection applies only to an appraisal district described by Section 6.41(b-2). In addition to the information required by Subsection (b), the chief appraiser shall state in a notice of appraised value of property described by Section 6.425(b) that the property owner has the right to have a protest relating to the property heard by a special panel of the appraisal review board.
- (b-4) Subsection (b)(5) applies only to a notice of appraised value required to be delivered by the chief appraiser of an appraisal district established in a county with a population of less than 120,000. This subsection expires January 1, 2020.

SECTION _____. Effective January 1, 2020, Sections 25.19(b) and (i), Tax Code, are amended to read as follows:

- (b) The chief appraiser shall separate real from personal property and include in the notice for each:
 - (1) a list of the taxing units in which the property is taxable;
 - (2) the appraised value of the property in the preceding year;
- (3) the taxable value of the property in the preceding year for each taxing unit taxing the property;
- (4) the appraised value of the property for the current year, the kind and amount of each exemption and partial exemption, if any, approved for the property for the current year and for the preceding year, and, if an exemption or partial exemption that was approved for the preceding year was canceled or reduced for the current year, the amount of the exemption or partial exemption canceled or reduced;
- (5) [if the appraised value is greater than it was in the preceding year, the amount of tax that would be imposed on the property on the basis of the tax rate for the preceding year;
- [(6)] in italic typeface, the following statement: "The Texas Legislature does not set the amount of your local taxes. Your property tax burden is decided by your locally elected officials, and all inquiries concerning your taxes should be directed to those officials";
- $\underline{(6)}$ [$\overline{(7)}$] a detailed explanation of the time and procedure for protesting the value;
- $\underline{(7)}$ [(8)] the date and place the appraisal review board will begin hearing protests; and
- (8) [9] a brief explanation that the governing body of each taxing unit decides whether or not taxes on the property will increase and the appraisal district only determines the value of the property.
- (i) Delivery with a notice required by Subsection (a) or (g) of a copy of the pamphlet published by the comptroller under Section 5.06 or a copy of the notice published by the chief appraiser under Section 41.70 is sufficient to comply with the requirement that the notice include the information specified by Subsection (b)(6) (b)(7) or (g)(3), as applicable.

SECTION _____. Section 26.012(9), Tax Code, is redesignated as Section 26.012(18), Tax Code, and amended to read as follows:

(18) "No-new-revenue [(9) "Effective] maintenance and operations rate" means a rate expressed in dollars per \$100 of taxable value and calculated according to the following formula:

NO-NEW-REVENUE [EFFECTIVE] MAINTENANCE AND OPERATIONS RATE = (LAST YEAR'S LEVY - LAST YEAR'S DEBT LEVY - LAST YEAR'S JUNIOR COLLEGE LEVY) / (CURRENT TOTAL VALUE - NEW PROPERTY VALUE)

- (2) In the recital to SECTION 1 of the bill, strike "(18)" and substitute "(19)".
- (3) In SECTION 1 of the bill, in added Section 26.012(18), Tax Code, strike "(18)" and substitute "(19)".
 - (4) Add the following appropriately numbered SECTION to the bill:

SECTION _____. The heading to Section 26.04, Tax Code, is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 26.04. SUBMISSION OF ROLL TO GOVERNING BODY; NO-NEW-REVENUE [EFFECTIVE] AND ROLLBACK TAX RATES.

(5) Strike the recital to SECTION 2 of the bill and substitute the following, appropriately numbered:

SECTION _____. Section 26.04, Tax Code, is amended by amending Subsections (b), (c), (d), (e), (e-1), (f), (g), (i), and (j) and adding Subsections (c-1), (d-1), (d-2), (e-2), (e-3), and (e-4) to read as follows:

- (6) In SECTION 2 of the bill, strike amended Section 26.04(c), Tax Code, and substitute the following:
- (b) The assessor shall submit the appraisal roll for the unit showing the total appraised, assessed, and taxable values of all property and the total taxable value of new property to the governing body of the unit by August 1 or as soon thereafter as practicable. By August 1 or as soon thereafter as practicable, the taxing unit's collector shall certify [an estimate of] the anticipated collection rate, as defined by Subsection (h), for the current year to the governing body. If the collector certified an anticipated collection rate in the preceding year and the actual collection rate in that year exceeded the anticipated rate, the collector shall also certify the amount of debt taxes collected in excess of the anticipated amount in the preceding year.
- (c) After the assessor for the unit submits the appraisal roll for the unit to the governing body of the unit as required by Subsection (b), an [An] officer or employee designated by the governing body shall calculate the no-new-revenue [effective] tax rate and the rollback tax rate for the unit, where:
- (1) "No-new-revenue [Effective] tax rate" means a rate expressed in dollars per \$100 of taxable value calculated according to the following formula:

NO-NEW-REVENUE [EFFECTIVE] TAX RATE = (LAST YEAR'S LEVY - LOST PROPERTY LEVY) / (CURRENT TOTAL VALUE - NEW PROPERTY VALUE) : and

- (2) "Rollback tax rate" means a rate expressed in dollars per \$100 of taxable value calculated according to the following applicable formula:
 - (A) for a small taxing unit:

ROLLBACK TAX RATE = (NO-NEW-REVENUE [EFFECTIVE] MAINTENANCE AND OPERATIONS RATE x 1.08) + CURRENT DEBT RATE

; or

(B) for a taxing unit other than a small taxing unit:

ROLLBACK TAX RATE = (NO-NEW-REVENUE MAINTENANCE AND OPERATIONS RATE x 1.06) + CURRENT DEBT RATE

- (7) In SECTION 2 of the bill, following added Section 26.04(c-1), Tax Code, add the following:
- (d) The <u>no-new-revenue</u> [effective] tax rate for a county is the sum of the <u>no-new-revenue</u> [effective] tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies and the rollback tax rate for a county is the sum of the rollback tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies.
- (d-1) The designated officer or employee shall use the tax rate calculation forms prescribed by the comptroller under Section 5.07 in calculating the no-new-revenue tax rate and the rollback tax rate.
- (d-2) The designated officer or employee may not submit the no-new-revenue tax rate and the rollback tax rate to the governing body of the taxing unit and the unit may not adopt a tax rate until the designated officer or employee certifies on the tax rate calculation forms that the designated officer or employee has accurately calculated the tax rates and has used values that are the same as the values shown in the unit's certified appraisal roll in performing the calculations.
- (e) By August 7 or as soon thereafter as practicable, the designated officer or employee shall submit the rates to the governing body. The designated officer or employee [He] shall deliver by mail to each property owner in the unit or publish in a newspaper and may post prominently on the home page of the unit's Internet website in the form prescribed by the comptroller:
- (1) the $\underline{\text{no-new-revenue}}$ [effective] tax rate, the rollback tax rate, and an explanation of how they were calculated;
- (2) the estimated amount of interest and sinking fund balances and the estimated amount of maintenance and operation or general fund balances remaining at the end of the current fiscal year that are not encumbered with or by corresponding existing debt obligation;
 - (3) a schedule of the unit's debt obligations showing:
- (A) the amount of principal and interest that will be paid to service the unit's debts in the next year from property tax revenue, including payments of lawfully incurred contractual obligations providing security for the payment of the principal of and interest on bonds and other evidences of indebtedness issued on behalf of the unit by another political subdivision and, if the unit is created under Section 52, Article III, or Section 59, Article XVI, Texas Constitution, payments on debts that the unit anticipates to incur in the next calendar year;
- (B) the amount by which taxes imposed for debt are to be increased because of the unit's anticipated collection rate; and
- (C) the total of the amounts listed in Paragraphs (A)-(B), less any amount collected in excess of the previous year's anticipated collections certified as provided in Subsection (b);
- (4) the amount of additional sales and use tax revenue anticipated in calculations under Section 26.041;

- (5) a statement that the adoption of a tax rate equal to the no-new-revenue [effective] tax rate would result in an increase or decrease, as applicable, in the amount of taxes imposed by the unit as compared to last year's levy, and the amount of the increase or decrease;
- (6) in the year that a taxing unit calculates an adjustment under Subsection (i) or (j), a schedule that includes the following elements:
- (A) the name of the unit discontinuing the department, function, or activity;
- (B) the amount of property tax revenue spent by the unit listed under Paragraph (A) to operate the discontinued department, function, or activity in the 12 months preceding the month in which the calculations required by this chapter are made; and
- (C) the name of the unit that operates a distinct department, function, or activity in all or a majority of the territory of a taxing unit that has discontinued operating the distinct department, function, or activity; and
- (7) in the year following the year in which a taxing unit raised its rollback tax rate as required by Subsection (j), a schedule that includes the following elements:
- (A) the amount of property tax revenue spent by the unit to operate the department, function, or activity for which the taxing unit raised the rollback tax rate as required by Subsection (j) for the 12 months preceding the month in which the calculations required by this chapter are made; and
- (\bar{B}) the amount published by the unit in the preceding tax year under Subdivision (6)(B).
- (e-1) The tax rate certification requirements imposed by Subsection (d-2) and the notice requirements imposed by Subsections (e)(1)-(6) do not apply to a school district.
- (e-2) By August 7 or as soon thereafter as practicable, the chief appraiser of each appraisal district shall deliver by regular mail or e-mail to each owner of property located in the appraisal district a notice that the estimated amount of taxes to be imposed on the owner's property by each taxing unit in which the property is located may be found in the property tax database maintained by the appraisal district under Section 26.17. The notice must include:
 - (1) the following statement:

"PROPOSED (tax year) PROPERTY TAX BILL INFORMATION

"Information concerning the property taxes that may be imposed on your property by local taxing units, the dates and locations of any public hearings on the tax rates of the taxing units, and the dates and locations of meetings of the governing bodies of the taxing units to vote on the tax rates, together with other important property tax information, may be found at the website listed below:

"(address of the Internet website at which the information may be found)";

- (2) a statement that the property owner may request from the county assessor-collector contact information for the assessor for each taxing unit in which the property is located, who must provide the information described by this subsection to the owner on request; and
 - (3) the address and telephone number of the county assessor-collector.

- (e-3) The heading of the statement described by Subsection (e-2)(1) must be in bold, capital letters in typeset larger than that used in the other provisions of the notice.
- (e-4) The comptroller may adopt rules regarding the format and delivery of the notice required by Subsection (e-2).
- (f) If as a result of consolidation of taxing units a taxing unit includes territory that was in two or more taxing units in the preceding year, the amount of taxes imposed in each in the preceding year is combined for purposes of calculating the no-new-revenue [effective] and rollback tax rates under this section.
- (g) A person who owns taxable property is entitled to an injunction prohibiting the taxing unit in which the property is taxable from adopting a tax rate if the assessor or designated officer or employee of the unit, the chief appraiser of the applicable appraisal district, or the taxing unit, as applicable, has not complied with the computation, [ex] publication, or posting requirements of this section or Section 26.17 or 26.18 [and the failure to comply was not in good faith].
- (i) This subsection applies to a taxing unit that has agreed by written contract to transfer a distinct department, function, or activity to another taxing unit and discontinues operating that distinct department, function, or activity if the operation of that department, function, or activity in all or a majority of the territory of the taxing unit is continued by another existing taxing unit or by a new taxing unit. The rollback tax rate of a taxing unit to which this subsection applies in the first tax year in which a budget is adopted that does not allocate revenue to the discontinued department, function, or activity is calculated as otherwise provided by this section, except that last year's levy used to calculate the no-new-revenue [effective] maintenance and operations rate of the unit is reduced by the amount of maintenance and operations tax revenue spent by the taxing unit to operate the department, function, or activity for the 12 months preceding the month in which the calculations required by this chapter are made and in which the unit operated the discontinued department, function, or activity. If the unit did not operate that department, function, or activity for the full 12 months preceding the month in which the calculations required by this chapter are made, the unit shall reduce last year's levy used for calculating the no-new-revenue [effective] maintenance and operations rate of the unit by the amount of the revenue spent in the last full fiscal year in which the unit operated the discontinued department, function, or activity.
- (j) This subsection applies to a taxing unit that had agreed by written contract to accept the transfer of a distinct department, function, or activity from another taxing unit and operates a distinct department, function, or activity if the operation of a substantially similar department, function, or activity in all or a majority of the territory of the taxing unit has been discontinued by another taxing unit, including a dissolved taxing unit. The rollback tax rate of a taxing unit to which this subsection applies in the first tax year after the other taxing unit discontinued the substantially similar department, function, or activity in which a budget is adopted that allocates revenue to the department, function, or activity is calculated as otherwise provided by this section, except that last year's levy used to calculate the no-new-revenue [effective] maintenance and operations rate of the unit is increased by the amount of maintenance and operations tax revenue spent by the taxing unit that discontinued

operating the substantially similar department, function, or activity to operate that department, function, or activity for the 12 months preceding the month in which the calculations required by this chapter are made and in which the unit operated the discontinued department, function, or activity. If the unit did not operate the discontinued department, function, or activity for the full 12 months preceding the month in which the calculations required by this chapter are made, the unit may increase last year's levy used to calculate the <u>no-new-revenue</u> [effective] maintenance and operations rate by an amount not to exceed the amount of property tax revenue spent by the discontinuing unit to operate the discontinued department, function, or activity in the last full fiscal year in which the discontinuing unit operated the department, function, or activity.

(8) Strike the recital to SECTION 3 of the bill and substitute the following, appropriately numbered:

SECTION ____. Section 26.041, Tax Code, is amended by amending Subsections (a), (b), (c), (e), (g), and (h) and adding Subsection (c-1) to read as follows:

- (9) In SECTION 3 of the bill, strike amended Sections 26.041(a), (b), and (c), Tax Code, and substitute the following:
- (a) In the first year in which an additional sales and use tax is required to be collected, the <u>no-new-revenue</u> [effective] tax rate and rollback tax rate for the unit are calculated according to the following formulas:

NO-NEW-REVENUE [EFFECTIVE] TAX RATE = [(LAST YEAR'S LEVY - LOST PROPERTY LEVY) / (CURRENT TOTAL VALUE - NEW PROPERTY VALUE)] - SALES TAX GAIN RATE

[and]

ROLLBACK TAX RATE FOR SMALL TAXING UNIT = (NO-NEW-REVENUE [EFFECTIVE] MAINTENANCE AND OPERATIONS RATE x 1.08) + CURRENT DEBT RATE - SALES TAX GAIN RATE

and

ROLLBACK TAX RATE FOR TAXING UNIT OTHER THAN SMALL TAXING UNIT = (NO-NEW-REVENUE MAINTENANCE AND OPERATIONS RATE x 1.06) + CURRENT DEBT RATE - SALES TAX GAIN RATE

where "sales tax gain rate" means a number expressed in dollars per \$100 of taxable value, calculated by dividing the revenue that will be generated by the additional sales and use tax in the following year as calculated under Subsection (d) [of this section] by the current total value.

(b) Except as provided by Subsections (a) and (c) [of this section], in a year in which a taxing unit imposes an additional sales and use tax, the rollback tax rate for the unit is calculated according to the following applicable formula, regardless of whether the unit levied a property tax in the preceding year:

ROLLBACK TAX RATE FOR SMALL TAXING UNIT = [(LAST YEAR'S MAINTENANCE AND OPERATIONS EXPENSE x 1.08) / ([TOTAL] CURRENT TOTAL VALUE - NEW PROPERTY VALUE)] + (CURRENT DEBT RATE - SALES TAX REVENUE RATE)

or

ROLLBACK TAX RATE FOR TAXING UNIT OTHER THAN SMALL TAXING UNIT = [(LAST YEAR'S MAINTENANCE AND OPERATIONS EXPENSE x 1.06) / (CURRENT TOTAL VALUE - NEW PROPERTY VALUE)] + (CURRENT DEBT RATE - SALES TAX REVENUE RATE)

where "last year's maintenance and operations expense" means the amount spent for maintenance and operations from property tax and additional sales and use tax revenues in the preceding year, and "sales tax revenue rate" means a number expressed in dollars per \$100 of taxable value, calculated by dividing the revenue that will be generated by the additional sales and use tax in the current year as calculated under Subsection (d) [of this section] by the current total value.

(c) In a year in which a taxing unit that has been imposing an additional sales and use tax ceases to impose an additional sales and use tax, the <u>no-new revenue</u> [effective] tax rate and rollback tax rate for the unit are calculated according to the following formulas:

NO-NEW-REVENUE [EFFECTIVE] TAX RATE = [(LAST YEAR'S LEVY - LOST PROPERTY LEVY) / (CURRENT TOTAL VALUE - NEW PROPERTY VALUE)] + SALES TAX LOSS RATE

[and]

ROLLBACK TAX RATE FOR SMALL TAXING UNIT = [(LAST YEAR'S MAINTENANCE AND OPERATIONS EXPENSE x 1.08) / ([TOTAL] CURRENT TOTAL VALUE - NEW PROPERTY VALUE)] + CURRENT DEBT RATE

and

ROLLBACK TAX RATE FOR TAXING UNIT OTHER THAN SMALL TAXING UNIT = [(LAST YEAR'S MAINTENANCE AND OPERATIONS EXPENSE x 1.06) / (CURRENT TOTAL VALUE - NEW PROPERTY VALUE)] + CURRENT DEBT RATE

where "sales tax loss rate" means a number expressed in dollars per \$100 of taxable value, calculated by dividing the amount of sales and use tax revenue generated in the last four quarters for which the information is available by the current total value and "last year's maintenance and operations expense" means the amount spent for maintenance and operations from property tax and additional sales and use tax revenues in the preceding year.

- (10) In SECTION 3 of the bill, following added Section 26.041(c-1), Tax Code, add the following:
- (e) If a city that imposes an additional sales and use tax receives payments under the terms of a contract executed before January 1, 1986, in which the city agrees not to annex certain property or a certain area and the owners or lessees of the property or of property in the area agree to pay at least annually to the city an amount determined by reference to all or a percentage of the property tax rate of the city and all or a part of the value of the property subject to the agreement or included in the area subject to the agreement, the governing body, by order adopted by a majority vote of the governing body, may direct the designated officer or employee to add to the no-new-revenue [effective] and rollback tax rates the amount that, when applied to the

total taxable value submitted to the governing body, would produce an amount of taxes equal to the difference between the total amount of payments for the tax year under contracts described by this subsection under the rollback tax rate calculated under this section and the total amount of payments for the tax year that would have been obligated to the city if the city had not adopted an additional sales and use tax.

- (g) If the rate of the additional sales and use tax is increased, the designated officer or employee shall make two projections, in the manner provided by Subsection (d) [of this section], of the revenue generated by the additional sales and use tax in the following year. The first projection must take into account the increase and the second projection must not take into account the increase. The designated officer or employee shall then subtract the amount of the result of the second projection from the amount of the result of the first projection to determine the revenue generated as a result of the increase in the additional sales and use tax. In the first year in which an additional sales and use tax is increased, the no-new-revenue [offective] tax rate for the unit is the no-new-revenue [offective] tax rate before the increase minus a number the numerator of which is the revenue generated as a result of the increase in the additional sales and use tax, as determined under this subsection, and the denominator of which is the current total value minus the new property value.
- (h) If the rate of the additional sales and use tax is decreased, the designated officer or employee shall make two projections, in the manner provided by Subsection (d) [ef this section], of the revenue generated by the additional sales and use tax in the following year. The first projection must take into account the decrease and the second projection must not take into account the decrease. The designated officer or employee shall then subtract the amount of the result of the first projection from the amount of the result of the second projection to determine the revenue lost as a result of the decrease in the additional sales and use tax. In the first year in which an additional sales and use tax is decreased, the no-new-revenue [effective] tax rate for the unit is the no-new-revenue [effective] tax rate before the decrease plus a number the numerator of which is the revenue lost as a result of the decrease in the additional sales and use tax, as determined under this subsection, and the denominator of which is the current total value minus the new property value.
- (11) In SECTION 4 of the bill, in the heading to amended Section 26.043, Tax Code, strike "EFFECTIVE" and substitute "NO-NEW-REVENUE [EFFECTIVE]".
- (12) Add the following appropriately numbered SECTIONS to the bill: SECTION _____. Sections 26.043(a) and (b), Tax Code, are amended to read as follows:
- (a) In the tax year in which a city has set an election on the question of whether to impose a local sales and use tax under Subchapter H, Chapter 453, Transportation Code, the officer or employee designated to make the calculations provided by Section 26.04 may not make those calculations until the outcome of the election is determined. If the election is determined in favor of the imposition of the tax, the representative shall subtract from the city's rollback and no-new-revenue [effective] tax rates the amount that, if applied to the city's current total value, would impose an amount equal to the amount of property taxes budgeted in the current tax year to pay for expenses related to mass transit services.

(b) In a tax year to which this section applies, a reference in this chapter to the city's <u>no-new-revenue</u> [effective] or rollback tax rate refers to that rate as adjusted under this section.

SECTION _____. The heading to Section 26.044, Tax Code, is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 26.044. NO-NEW-REVENUE [EFFECTIVE] TAX RATE TO PAY FOR STATE CRIMINAL JUSTICE MANDATE.

SECTION _____. Sections 26.044(a), (b), and (c), Tax Code, are amended to read as follows:

(a) The first time that a county adopts a tax rate after September 1, 1991, in which the state criminal justice mandate applies to the county, the <u>no-new-revenue</u> [effective] maintenance and operation rate for the county is increased by the rate calculated according to the following formula:

(State Criminal Justice Mandate) / (Current Total Value - New Property Value)

(b) In the second and subsequent years that a county adopts a tax rate, if the amount spent by the county for the state criminal justice mandate increased over the previous year, the <u>no-new-revenue</u> [effective] maintenance and operation rate for the county is increased by the rate calculated according to the following formula:

(This Year's State Criminal Justice Mandate - Previous Year's State Criminal Justice Mandate) / (Current Total Value - New Property Value)

(c) The county shall include a notice of the increase in the <u>no-new-revenue</u> [effective] maintenance and operation rate provided by this section, including a description and amount of the state criminal justice mandate, in the information published under Section 26.04(e) and Section 26.06(b) [of this code].

SECTION _____. Sections 26.0441(a), (b), and (c), Tax Code, are amended to read as follows:

(a) In the first tax year in which a taxing unit adopts a tax rate after January 1, 2000, and in which the enhanced minimum eligibility standards for indigent health care established under Section 61.006, Health and Safety Code, apply to the taxing unit, the no-new-revenue [effective] maintenance and operations rate for the taxing unit is increased by the rate computed according to the following formula:

Amount of Increase = Enhanced Indigent Health Care Expenditures / (Current Total Value - New Property Value)

(b) In each subsequent tax year, if the taxing unit's enhanced indigent health care expenses exceed the amount of those expenses for the preceding year, the no-new-revenue [effective] maintenance and operations rate for the taxing unit is increased by the rate computed according to the following formula:

Amount of Increase = (Current Tax Year's Enhanced Indigent Health Care Expenditures - Preceding Tax Year's Indigent Health Care Expenditures) / (Current Total Value - New Property Value)

(c) The taxing unit shall include a notice of the increase in its <u>no-new-revenue</u> [effective] maintenance and operations rate provided by this section, including a brief description and the amount of the enhanced indigent health care expenditures, in the information published under Section 26.04(e) and, if applicable, Section 26.06(b).

- SECTION _____. Section 26.05, Tax Code, is amended by amending Subsections (b), (c), (d), (e), and (g) and adding Subsections (d-1) and (d-2) to read as follows:
- (b) A taxing unit may not impose property taxes in any year until the governing body has adopted a tax rate for that year, and the annual tax rate must be set by ordinance, resolution, or order, depending on the method prescribed by law for adoption of a law by the governing body. The vote on the ordinance, resolution, or order setting the tax rate must be separate from the vote adopting the budget. For a taxing unit other than a school district, the vote on the ordinance, resolution, or order setting a tax rate that exceeds the no-new-revenue [effective] tax rate must be a record vote, and at least 60 percent of the members of the governing body must vote in favor of the ordinance, resolution, or order. For a school district, the vote on the ordinance, resolution, or order setting a tax rate that exceeds the sum of the no-new-revenue [effective] maintenance and operations tax rate of the district as determined under Section 26.08(i) and the district's current debt rate must be a record vote, and at least 60 percent of the members of the governing body must vote in favor of the ordinance, resolution, or order. A motion to adopt an ordinance, resolution, or order setting a tax rate that exceeds the no-new-revenue [effective] tax rate must be made in the following form: "I move that the property tax rate be increased by the adoption of a tax rate of (specify tax rate), which is effectively a (insert percentage by which the proposed tax rate exceeds the no-new-revenue [effective] tax rate) percent increase in the tax rate." If the ordinance, resolution, or order sets a tax rate that, if applied to the total taxable value, will impose an amount of taxes to fund maintenance and operation expenditures of the taxing unit that exceeds the amount of taxes imposed for that purpose in the preceding year, the taxing unit must:
- (1) include in the ordinance, resolution, or order in type larger than the type used in any other portion of the document:
- (A) the following statement: "THIS TAX RATE WILL RAISE MORE TAXES FOR MAINTENANCE AND OPERATIONS THAN LAST YEAR'S TAX RATE."; and
- (B) if the tax rate exceeds the <u>no-new-revenue</u> [effective] maintenance and operations rate, the following statement: "THE TAX RATE WILL EFFECTIVELY BE RAISED BY (INSERT PERCENTAGE BY WHICH THE TAX RATE EXCEEDS THE <u>NO-NEW-REVENUE</u> [EFFECTIVE] MAINTENANCE AND OPERATIONS RATE) PERCENT AND WILL RAISE TAXES FOR MAINTENANCE AND OPERATIONS ON A \$100,000 HOME BY APPROXIMATELY \$(Insert amount)."; and
- (2) include on the home page of $\underline{\text{the}}$ [any] Internet website $\underline{\text{of}}$ [operated by] the unit:
- (A) the following statement: "(Insert name of unit) ADOPTED A TAX RATE THAT WILL RAISE MORE TAXES FOR MAINTENANCE AND OPERATIONS THAN LAST YEAR'S TAX RATE"; and
- (B) if the tax rate exceeds the <u>no-new-revenue</u> [effective] maintenance and operations rate, the following statement: "THE TAX RATE WILL EFFECTIVELY BE RAISED BY (INSERT PERCENTAGE BY WHICH THE TAX RATE EXCEEDS THE NO-NEW-REVENUE [EFFECTIVE] MAINTENANCE

AND OPERATIONS RATE) PERCENT AND WILL RAISE TAXES FOR MAINTENANCE AND OPERATIONS ON A \$100,000 HOME BY APPROXIMATELY \$(Insert amount)."

- (c) If the governing body of a taxing unit does not adopt a tax rate before the date required by Subsection (a), the tax rate for the taxing unit for that tax year is the lower of the no-new-revenue [effective] tax rate calculated for that tax year or the tax rate adopted by the taxing unit for the preceding tax year. A tax rate established by this subsection is treated as an adopted tax rate. Before the fifth day after the establishment of a tax rate by this subsection, the governing body of the taxing unit must ratify the applicable tax rate in the manner required by Subsection (b).
- (d) The governing body of a taxing unit other than a school district may not adopt a tax rate that exceeds the lower of the rollback tax rate or the no-new-revenue [effective] tax rate calculated as provided by this chapter until the governing body has held two public hearings on the proposed tax rate and has otherwise complied with Section 26.06 and Section 26.065. The governing body of a taxing unit shall reduce a tax rate set by law or by vote of the electorate to the lower of the rollback tax rate or the no-new-revenue [effective] tax rate and may not adopt a higher rate unless it first complies with Section 26.06.
- (d-1) The governing body of a taxing unit may not hold a public hearing on a proposed tax rate or a public meeting to adopt a tax rate until the 14th day after the date the officer or employee designated by the governing body of the unit to calculate the no-new-revenue tax rate and the rollback tax rate for the unit complies with Section 26.17.
- (d-2) Notwithstanding Subsection (a), the governing body of a taxing unit other than a school district may not adopt a tax rate until:
- (1) the chief appraiser of each appraisal district in which the taxing unit participates has:
 - (A) delivered the notice required by Section 26.04(e-2); and
- (B) incorporated the tax rate calculation forms submitted to the appraisal district under Section 26.17(d)(2) by the designated officer or employee of the taxing unit into the property tax database maintained by the chief appraiser and made them available to the public;
- (2) the designated officer or employee of the taxing unit has entered in the property tax database maintained by the chief appraiser the information described by Section 26.17(b) for the current tax year; and
- (3) the taxing unit has posted the information described by Section 26.18 on the Internet website used by the taxing unit for that purpose.
- (e) A person who owns taxable property is entitled to an injunction restraining the collection of taxes by a taxing unit in which the property is taxable if the taxing unit has not complied with the requirements of this section or Section 26.04 [and the failure to comply was not in good faith]. An action to enjoin the collection of taxes must be filed not later than the 15th day after the date the taxing unit adopts a tax rate. A property owner is not required to pay the taxes imposed by a taxing unit on the owner's property while an action filed by the property owner to enjoin the collection of taxes imposed by the taxing unit on the owner's property is pending. If the property owner pays the taxes and subsequently prevails in the action, the property owner is

entitled to a refund of the taxes paid, together with reasonable attorney's fees and court costs. The property owner is not required to apply to the collector for the taxing unit to receive the refund [prior to the date a taxing unit delivers substantially all of its tax bills].

(g) Notwithstanding Subsection (a), the governing body of a school district that elects to adopt a tax rate before the adoption of a budget for the fiscal year that begins in the current tax year may adopt a tax rate for the current tax year before receipt of the certified appraisal roll for the school district if the chief appraiser of the appraisal district in which the school district participates has certified to the assessor for the school district an estimate of the taxable value of property in the school district as provided by Section 26.01(e). If a school district adopts a tax rate under this subsection, the no-new-revenue [effective] tax rate and the rollback tax rate of the district shall be calculated based on the certified estimate of taxable value.

SECTION _____. Section 26.052, Tax Code, is amended by amending Subsection (e) and adding Subsection (f) to read as follows:

- (e) Public notice provided under Subsection (c) must specify:
 - (1) the tax rate that the governing body proposes to adopt;
- (2) the date, time, and location of the meeting of the governing body of the taxing unit at which the governing body will consider adopting the proposed tax rate; and
- (3) if the proposed tax rate for the taxing unit exceeds the unit's no-new-revenue [effective] tax rate calculated as provided by Section 26.04, a statement substantially identical to the following: "The proposed tax rate would increase total taxes in (name of taxing unit) by (percentage by which the proposed tax rate exceeds the no-new-revenue [effective] tax rate)."
- (f) A taxing unit to which this section applies that elects to provide public notice of its proposed tax rate under Subsection (c) may also provide public notice of its proposed tax rate by posting notice of the proposed tax rate including the information prescribed by Subsection (e) prominently on the home page of the Internet website of the taxing unit.
- SECTION _____. Sections 26.06(b), (c), (d), and (e), Tax Code, are amended to read as follows:
- (b) The notice of a public hearing may not be smaller than one-quarter page of a standard-size or a tabloid-size newspaper, and the headline on the notice must be in 24-point or larger type. The notice must contain a statement in the following form:

"NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING ON TAX INCREASE

"The (name of the taxing unit) will hold two public hearings on a proposal to increase total tax revenues from properties on the tax roll in the preceding tax year by (percentage by which proposed tax rate exceeds lower of rollback tax rate or no-new-revenue [effective] tax rate calculated under this chapter) percent. Your individual taxes may increase at a greater or lesser rate, or even decrease, depending on the tax rate that is adopted and on the change in the taxable value of your property in relation to the change in taxable value of all other property [and the tax rate that is adopted]. The change in the taxable value of your property in relation to the change in the taxable value of all other property determines the distribution of the tax burden among all property owners.

"The first public hearing will be held on (date and time) at (meeting place).

"The second public hearing will be held on (date and time) at (meeting place).

"(Names of all members of the governing body, showing how each voted on the proposal to consider the tax increase or, if one or more were absent, indicating the absences.)

"The average taxable value of a residence homestead in (name of taxing unit) last year was \$____ (average taxable value of a residence homestead in the taxing unit for the preceding tax year, disregarding residence homestead exemptions available only to disabled persons or persons 65 years of age or older). Based on last year's tax rate of \$____ (preceding year's adopted tax rate) per \$100 of taxable value, the amount of taxes imposed last year on the average home was \$____ (tax on average taxable value of a residence homestead in the taxing unit for the preceding tax year, disregarding residence homestead exemptions available only to disabled persons or persons 65 years of age or older).

"The average taxable value of a residence homestead in (name of taxing unit) this year is \$____ (average taxable value of a residence homestead in the taxing unit for the current tax year, disregarding residence homestead exemptions available only to disabled persons or persons 65 years of age or older). If the governing body adopts the no-new-revenue [effective] tax rate for this year of \$____ (no-new-revenue [effective] tax rate) per \$100 of taxable value, the amount of taxes imposed this year on the average home would be \$____ (tax on average taxable value of a residence homestead in the taxing unit for the current tax year, disregarding residence homestead exemptions available only to disabled persons or persons 65 years of age or older).

"If the governing body adopts the proposed tax rate of \$____ (proposed tax rate) per \$100 of taxable value, the amount of taxes imposed this year on the average home would be \$____ (tax on the average taxable value of a residence in the taxing unit for the current year disregarding residence homestead exemptions available only to disabled persons or persons 65 years of age or older).

"Members of the public are encouraged to attend the hearings and express their views."

- (c) The notice of a public hearing under this section may be delivered by mail to each property owner in the unit, or may be published in a newspaper. If the notice is published in a newspaper, it may not be in the part of the paper in which legal notices and classified advertisements appear. The [If the taxing unit operates an Internet website, the] notice must also be posted prominently on the home page of the Internet website of the taxing unit from the date the notice is first published until the second public hearing is concluded.
- (d) At the public hearings the governing body shall announce the date, time, and place of the meeting at which it will vote on the proposed tax rate. After each hearing the governing body shall give notice of the meeting at which it will vote on the proposed tax rate and the notice shall be in the same form as prescribed by Subsections (b) and (c), except that it must state the following:

"NOTICE OF TAX REVENUE INCREASE

"The (name of the taxing unit) conducted public hearings on (date of first hearing) and (date of second hearing) on a proposal to increase the total tax revenues of the (name of the taxing unit) from properties on the tax roll in the preceding year by (percentage by which proposed tax rate exceeds lower of rollback tax rate or no-new-revenue [effective] tax rate calculated under this chapter) percent.

"The total tax revenue proposed to be raised last year at last year's tax rate of (insert tax rate for the preceding year) for each \$100 of taxable value was (insert total amount of taxes imposed in the preceding year).

"The total tax revenue proposed to be raised this year at the proposed tax rate of (insert proposed tax rate) for each \$100 of taxable value, excluding tax revenue to be raised from new property added to the tax roll this year, is (insert amount computed by multiplying proposed tax rate by the difference between current total value and new property value).

"The total tax revenue proposed to be raised this year at the proposed tax rate of (insert proposed tax rate) for each \$100 of taxable value, including tax revenue to be raised from new property added to the tax roll this year, is (insert amount computed by multiplying proposed tax rate by current total value).

"The (governing body of the taxing unit) is scheduled to vote on the tax rate that will result in that tax increase at a public meeting to be held on (date of meeting) at (location of meeting, including mailing address) at (time of meeting).

"The (governing body of the taxing unit) proposes to use the increase in total tax revenue for the purpose of (description of purpose of increase)."

- (e) The meeting to vote on the tax increase may not be earlier than the third day or later than the 14th day after the date of the second public hearing. The meeting must be held inside the boundaries of the taxing unit in a publicly owned building or, if a suitable publicly owned building is not available, in a suitable building to which the public normally has access. If the governing body does not adopt a tax rate that exceeds the lower of the rollback tax rate or the no-new-revenue [effective] tax rate by the 14th day, it must give a new notice under Subsection (d) before it may adopt a rate that exceeds the lower of the rollback tax rate or the no-new-revenue [effective] tax rate.
 - SECTION _____. Section 26.065(b), Tax Code, is amended to read as follows:
- (b) The [If the] taxing unit [owns, operates, or controls an Internet website, the unit] shall post notice of the public hearing prominently on the home page of the Internet website of the unit continuously for at least seven days immediately before the public hearing on the proposed tax rate increase and at least seven days immediately before the date of the vote proposing the increase in the tax rate.
- (13) Strike the recital to SECTION 8 of the bill and substitute the following, appropriately numbered:
- SECTION _____. Section 26.08, Tax Code, is amended by amending Subsections (a), (b), (d), (d-1), (d-2), (e), (g), (h), (n), and (p) and adding Subsection (r) to read as follows:
- (14) In SECTION 8 of the bill, in amended Section 26.08, Tax Code, between amended Subsections (e) and (h) of the section, insert the following:

- (g) In a school district that received distributions from an equalization tax imposed under former Chapter 18, Education Code, the no-new-revenue [effective] rate of that tax as of the date of the county unit system's abolition is added to the district's rollback tax rate.
- (15) In SECTION 8 of the bill, in amended Section 26.08, Tax Code, between amended Subsection (h) and added Subsection (r) of the section, insert the following:
- (n) For purposes of this section, the rollback tax rate of a school district whose maintenance and operations tax rate for the 2005 tax year was \$1.50 or less per \$100 of taxable value is:
- (1) for the 2006 tax year, the sum of the rate that is equal to 88.67 percent of the maintenance and operations tax rate adopted by the district for the 2005 tax year, the rate of \$0.04 per \$100 of taxable value, and the district's current debt rate; and
 - (2) for the 2007 and subsequent tax years, the lesser of the following:
 - (A) the sum of the following:
- (i) the rate per \$100 of taxable value that is equal to the product of the state compression percentage, as determined under Section 42.2516, Education Code, for the current year and \$1.50;
 - (ii) the rate of \$0.04 per \$100 of taxable value;
- (iii) the rate that is equal to the sum of the differences for the 2006 and each subsequent tax year between the adopted tax rate of the district for that year if the rate was approved at an election under this section and the rollback tax rate of the district for that year; and
 - (iv) the district's current debt rate; or
 - (B) the sum of the following:
- (i) the no-new-revenue [effective] maintenance and operations tax rate of the district as computed under Subsection (i) [or (k), as applicable];
- (ii) the rate per \$100 of taxable value that is equal to the product of the state compression percentage, as determined under Section 42.2516, Education Code, for the current year and \$0.06; and
 - (iii) the district's current debt rate.
- (p) Notwithstanding Subsections (i), (n), and (o), if for the preceding tax year a school district adopted a maintenance and operations tax rate that was less than the district's no-new-revenue [effective] maintenance and operations tax rate for that preceding tax year, the rollback tax rate of the district for the current tax year is calculated as if the district adopted a maintenance and operations tax rate for the preceding tax year that was equal to the district's no-new-revenue [effective] maintenance and operations tax rate for that preceding tax year.
 - (16) Add the following appropriately numbered SECTION to the bill:
- SECTION $_$ ___. Section 26.08(i), Tax Code, as effective September 1, 2017, is amended to read as follows:
- (i) For purposes of this section, the <u>no-new-revenue</u> [effective] maintenance and operations tax rate of a school district is the tax rate that, applied to the current total value for the district, would impose taxes in an amount that, when added to state funds that would be distributed to the district under Chapter 42, Education Code, for the school year beginning in the current tax year using that tax rate, would provide the same amount of state funds distributed under Chapter 42, Education Code, and

maintenance and operations taxes of the district per student in weighted average daily attendance for that school year that would have been available to the district in the preceding year if the funding elements for Chapters 41 and 42, Education Code, for the current year had been in effect for the preceding year.

(17) Strike SECTION 9 of the bill and substitute the following appropriately numbered SECTION:

SECTION _____. Section 26.16, Tax Code, is amended by amending Subsections (a) and (d) and adding Subsection (a-1) to read as follows:

- (a) The county assessor-collector for each county [that maintains an Internet website] shall post on the Internet website of the county the following information for the most recent five tax years beginning with the 2012 tax year for each taxing unit all or part of the territory of which is located in the county:
 - (1) the adopted tax rate;
 - (2) the maintenance and operations rate;
 - (3) the debt rate;
 - (4) the no-new-revenue [effective] tax rate;
 - (5) the no-new-revenue [effective] maintenance and operations rate; and
 - (6) the rollback tax rate.
- (a-1) For purposes of Subsection (a), a reference to the no-new-revenue tax rate or the no-new-revenue maintenance and operations rate includes the equivalent effective tax rate or effective maintenance and operations rate for a preceding year. This subsection expires January 1, 2024.
- (d) The county assessor-collector shall post immediately below the table prescribed by Subsection (c) the following statement:

"The county is providing this table of property tax rate information as a service to the residents of the county. Each individual taxing unit is responsible for calculating the property tax rates listed in this table pertaining to that taxing unit and providing that information to the county.

"The adopted tax rate is the tax rate adopted by the governing body of a taxing unit.

"The maintenance and operations rate is the component of the adopted tax rate of a taxing unit that will impose the amount of taxes needed to fund maintenance and operation expenditures of the unit for the following year.

"The debt rate is the component of the adopted tax rate of a taxing unit that will impose the amount of taxes needed to fund the unit's debt service for the following year.

"The no-new-revenue [effective] tax rate is the tax rate that would generate the same amount of revenue in the current tax year as was generated by a taxing unit's adopted tax rate in the preceding tax year from property that is taxable in both the current tax year and the preceding tax year.

"The no-new-revenue [effective] maintenance and operations rate is the tax rate that would generate the same amount of revenue for maintenance and operations in the current tax year as was generated by a taxing unit's maintenance and operations rate in the preceding tax year from property that is taxable in both the current tax year and the preceding tax year.

"The rollback tax rate is the highest tax rate a taxing unit may adopt before requiring voter approval at an election. In the case of a small taxing unit [other than a school district], the voters by petition may require that a rollback election be held if the unit adopts a tax rate in excess of the unit's rollback tax rate. In the case of a taxing unit other than a small taxing unit [school district], an election will automatically be held if the unit [district] wishes to adopt a tax rate in excess of the unit's [district's] rollback tax rate."

(18) Add the following appropriately numbered SECTIONS to the bill:

SECTION ____. Chapter 26, Tax Code, is amended by adding Sections 26.17 and 26.18 to read as follows:

- Sec. 26.17. DATABASE OF PROPERTY-TAX-RELATED INFORMATION. (a) The chief appraiser of each appraisal district shall create and maintain a property tax database that:
- (1) is identified by the name of the county in which the appraisal district is established instead of the name of the appraisal district;
- (2) contains information that is provided by designated officers or employees of the taxing units that are located in the appraisal district in the manner required by rules adopted by the comptroller;
- (3) is continuously updated as preliminary and revised data become available to and are provided by the designated officers or employees of taxing units;
 - (4) is accessible to the public; and
 - (5) is searchable by property address and owner.
- (b) The database must include, with respect to each property listed on the appraisal roll for the appraisal district:

 (1) the property's identification number;

 - (2) the property's market value;
 - (3) the property's taxable value;
 - (4) the name of each taxing unit in which the property is located;
- (5) for each taxing unit other than a school district in which the property is located:
 - (A) the no-new-revenue tax rate; and
 - (B) the rollback tax rate;
 - (6) for each school district in which the property is located:
- (A) the rate to maintain the same amount of state and local revenue per weighted student that the district received in the school year beginning in the preceding tax year; and
 - (B) the rollback tax rate;
- (7) the tax rate proposed by the governing body of each taxing unit in which the property is located:
- (8) for each taxing unit other than a school district in which the property is located, the taxes that would be imposed on the property if the unit adopted a tax rate equal to:
 - (A) the no-new-revenue tax rate; and
 - (B) the proposed tax rate;
- (9) for each school district in which the property is located, the taxes that would be imposed on the property if the district adopted a tax rate equal to:

- (A) the rate to maintain the same amount of state and local revenue per weighted student that the district received in the school year beginning in the preceding tax year; and
 - (B) the proposed tax rate;
- (10) for each taxing unit other than a school district in which the property is located, the difference between the amount calculated under Subdivision (8)(A) and the amount calculated under Subdivision (8)(B);
- (11) for each school district in which the property is located, the difference between the amount calculated under Subdivision (9)(A) and the amount calculated under Subdivision (9)(B);
- (12) the date and location of each public hearing, if applicable, on the proposed tax rate to be held by the governing body of each taxing unit in which the property is located; and
- (13) the date and location of the public meeting at which the tax rate will be adopted to be held by the governing body of each taxing unit in which the property is located.
- (c) The database must provide a link to the Internet website used by each taxing unit in which the property is located to post the information described by Section 26.18.
- (d) The officer or employee designated by the governing body of each taxing unit to calculate the no-new-revenue tax rate and the rollback tax rate for the unit must electronically:
- (1) enter in the database the information described by Subsection (b) as the information becomes available; and
- (2) submit to the appraisal district the tax rate calculation forms prepared under Section 26.04(d-1) at the same time the designated officer or employee submits the tax rates to the governing body of the unit under Section 26.04(e).
- (e) The chief appraiser shall deliver by e-mail to the designated officer or employee confirmation of receipt of the tax rate calculation forms submitted under Subsection (d)(2). The chief appraiser shall incorporate the forms into the database and make them available to the public not later than the third day after the date the chief appraiser receives them.
- Sec. 26.18. POSTING OF TAX RATE AND BUDGET INFORMATION BY TAXING UNIT ON WEBSITE. Each taxing unit shall maintain an Internet website or have access to a generally accessible Internet website that may be used for the purposes of this section. Each taxing unit shall post or cause to be posted on the Internet website the following information in a format prescribed by the comptroller:
 - (1) the name of each member of the governing body of the taxing unit;
- (2) the mailing address, e-mail address, and telephone number of the taxing unit;
- (3) the official contact information for each member of the governing body of the taxing unit, if that information is different from the information described by Subdivision (2);
 - (4) the taxing unit's budget for the preceding two years;
 - (5) the taxing unit's proposed or adopted budget for the current year;

- (6) the change in the amount of the taxing unit's budget from the preceding year to the current year, by dollar amount and percentage;
- (7) in the case of a taxing unit other than a school district, the amount of property tax revenue budgeted for maintenance and operations for:
 - (A) the preceding two years; and
 - (B) the current year;
- (8) in the case of a taxing unit other than a school district, the amount of property tax revenue budgeted for debt service for:
 - (A) the preceding two years; and
 - (B) the current year;
- (9) the tax rate for maintenance and operations adopted by the taxing unit for the preceding two years;
- (10) in the case of a taxing unit other than a school district, the tax rate for debt service adopted by the unit for the preceding two years;
- (11) in the case of a school district, the interest and sinking fund tax rate adopted by the district for the preceding two years;
- (12) the tax rate for maintenance and operations proposed by the taxing unit for the current year;
- (13) in the case of a taxing unit other than a school district, the tax rate for debt service proposed by the unit for the current year;
- (14) in the case of a school district, the interest and sinking fund tax rate proposed by the district for the current year; and
 - (15) the most recent financial audit of the taxing unit.
 - SECTION _____. Section 41.03(a), Tax Code, is amended to read as follows:
 - (a) A taxing unit is entitled to challenge before the appraisal review board:
- (1) [the level of appraisals of any eategory of property in the district or in any territory in the district, but not the appraised value of a single taxpayer's property;
 - $[\frac{2}{2}]$ an exclusion of property from the appraisal records;
 - (2) [(3)] a grant in whole or in part of a partial exemption;
- $\overline{(3)}$ [(4)] a determination that land qualifies for appraisal as provided by Subchapter C, D, E, or H, Chapter 23; or
- (4) [(5)] failure to identify the taxing unit as one in which a particular property is taxable.
 - SECTION . Section 41.44(d), Tax Code, is amended to read as follows:
- (d) A notice of protest is sufficient if it identifies the protesting property owner, including a person claiming an ownership interest in the property even if that person is not listed on the appraisal records as an owner of the property, identifies the property that is the subject of the protest, and indicates apparent dissatisfaction with some determination of the appraisal office. The notice need not be on an official form, but the comptroller shall prescribe a form that provides for more detail about the nature of the protest. The form must permit a property owner to include each property in the appraisal district that is the subject of a protest. The form must permit a property owner to request that the protest be heard by a special panel established under Section 6.425 if the protest will be determined by an appraisal review board to which that

section applies and the property is described by Section 6.425(b). The comptroller, each appraisal office, and each appraisal review board shall make the forms readily available and deliver one to a property owner on request.

SECTION _____. Section 41.45, Tax Code, is amended by amending Subsection (d) and adding Subsections (d-1), (d-2), and (d-3) to read as follows:

- (d) This subsection does not apply to a special panel established under Section 6.425. An appraisal review board consisting of more than three members may sit in panels of not fewer than three members to conduct protest hearings. [However, the determination of a protest heard by a panel must be made by the board.] If the recommendation of a panel is not accepted by the board, the board may refer the matter for rehearing to a panel composed of members who did not hear the original protest [hearing] or, if there are not at least three members who did not hear the original protest, the board may determine the protest. [Before determining a protest or conducting a rehearing before a new panel or the board, the board shall deliver notice of the hearing or meeting to determine the protest in accordance with the provisions of this subchapter.]
- (d-1) An appraisal review board to which Section 6.425 applies shall sit in special panels established under that section to conduct protest hearings. A special panel may conduct a protest hearing relating to property only if the property is described by Section 6.425(b) and the property owner has requested that a special panel conduct the hearing or if the protest is assigned to the special panel under Section 6.425(f). If the recommendation of a special panel is not accepted by the board, the board may refer the matter for rehearing to another special panel composed of members who did not hear the original protest or, if there are not at least three other special panel members who did not hear the original protest, the board may determine the protest.
- (d-2) The determination of a protest heard by a panel under Subsection (d) or (d-1) must be made by the board.
- (d-3) The board must deliver notice of a hearing or meeting to determine a protest heard by a panel, or to rehear a protest, under Subsection (d) or (d-1) in accordance with the provisions of this subchapter.

SECTION _____. Section 41.46, Tax Code, is amended by amending Subsection (a) and adding Subsection (d) to read as follows:

- (a) The appraisal review board before which a protest hearing is scheduled shall deliver written notice to the property owner initiating a protest of the date, time, [and] place, and subject matter of [fixed for] the hearing on the protest and of the property owner's entitlement to a postponement of the hearing as provided by Section 41.45 unless the property owner waives in writing notice of the hearing. The board shall deliver the notice not later than the 15th day before the date of the hearing.
- (d) The appraisal review board shall deliver notice of the hearing by certified mail if, in the notice of protest under Section 41.44, the property owner requests delivery by certified mail. The board shall require the property owner to pay the cost of postage under this subsection.

SECTION . Section 41.461, Tax Code, is amended to read as follows:

- Sec. 41.461. NOTICE OF CERTAIN MATTERS BEFORE HEARING; DELIVERY OF REQUESTED INFORMATION. (a) At least 14 days before the [a] hearing on a protest, the chief appraiser shall:
- (1) deliver a copy of the pamphlet prepared by the comptroller under Section 5.06 [5.06(a)] to the property owner initiating the protest if the owner is representing himself, or to an agent representing the owner if requested by the agent;
- (2) inform the property owner that the owner or the agent of the owner may inspect and may obtain a copy of the data, schedules, formulas, and all other information the chief appraiser will [plans to] introduce at the hearing to establish any matter at issue; and
- (3) deliver a copy of the hearing procedures established by the appraisal review board under Section 41.66 to the property owner.
- (b) The chief appraiser may not charge the property owner or the designated agent of the owner for copies provided to the [an] owner or designated agent under this section, regardless of the manner in which the copies are prepared or delivered [may not exceed the charge for copies of public information as provided under Subchapter F, Chapter 552, Government Code, except:
- [(1) the total charge for copies provided in connection with a protest of the appraisal of residential property may not exceed \$15 for each residence; and
- [(2) the total charge for copies provided in connection with a protest of the appraisal of a single unit of property subject to appraisal, other than residential property, may not exceed \$25].
- (c) The chief appraiser shall provide the property owner or the agent of the owner access to the information to which the owner or agent is entitled on request under Subsection (a)(2) by:
- (1) depositing a copy of the information in the mail as regular first-class mail, postage prepaid, properly addressed to the property owner or the agent of the owner;
- (2) providing a copy of the information to the property owner or the agent of the owner if requested by the owner or the agent in person at the appraisal office;
- (3) delivering the information in an electronic format as provided by an agreement under Section 1.085; or
- (4) subject to Subsection (d), referring the property owner or the agent of the owner to the exact Internet location or uniform resource locator (URL) address of a secure Internet website that provides for user registration and authentication and that is maintained by the appraisal district on which the information is identifiable and readily available.
- (d) If the chief appraiser provides the property owner or the agent of the owner access to information by referring the owner or agent to an Internet website as authorized by Subsection (c)(4), the notice referring the owner or agent to the website must contain a statement in a conspicuous font that clearly indicates that the owner or agent may on request receive a copy of the information by regular first-class mail. On request of the property owner or the agent of the owner, the chief appraiser shall deposit a copy of the information in the mail as regular first-class mail in the manner provided by Subsection (c)(1).

- SECTION _____. Section 41.47, Tax Code, is amended by adding Subsections (c-2) and (f) and amending Subsection (e) to read as follows:
- (c-2) The board may not determine the appraised value of the property that is the subject of a protest to be an amount greater than the appraised value of the property as shown in the appraisal records submitted to the board by the chief appraiser under Section 25.22 or 25.23.
- (e) The notice of the issuance of the order must contain a prominently printed statement in upper-case bold lettering informing the property owner in clear and concise language of the property owner's right to appeal the order of the board [board's decision] to district court. The statement must describe the deadline prescribed by Section 42.06(a) [of this code] for filing a written notice of appeal[,] and the deadline prescribed by Section 42.21(a) [of this code] for filing the petition for review with the district court.
- (f) The board shall take the actions required by Subsections (a) and (d) not later than the 20th business day after the date the hearing on the protest is concluded.
- SECTION _____. Section 41.66, Tax Code, is amended by amending Subsections (h), (i), (j), and (k) and adding Subsections (j-1), (k-1), and (p) to read as follows:
- (h) The appraisal review board shall postpone a hearing on a protest if the property owner or the designated agent of the owner requests additional time to prepare for the hearing and establishes to the board that the chief appraiser failed to comply with Section 41.461. The board is not required to postpone a hearing more than one time under this subsection.
- (i) A hearing on a protest filed by a property owner or the designated agent of the owner [who is not represented by an agent designated under Section 1.111] shall be set for a time and date certain. If the hearing is not commenced within two hours of the time set for the hearing, the appraisal review board shall postpone the hearing on the request of the property owner or the designated agent of the owner.
- (j) On the request of a property owner or the [a] designated agent of the owner, an appraisal review board shall schedule hearings on protests concerning up to 20 designated properties to be held consecutively on the same day. The designated properties must be identified in the same notice of protest, and the notice must contain in boldfaced type the statement "request for same-day protest hearings." A property owner or the designated agent of the owner may [not] file more than one request under this subsection with the appraisal review board in the same tax year. The appraisal review board may schedule hearings on protests concerning more than 20 properties filed by the same property owner or the designated agent of the owner and may use different panels to conduct the hearings based on the board's customary scheduling. The appraisal review board may follow the practices customarily used by the board in the scheduling of hearings under this subsection.
- (j-1) An appraisal review board may schedule the hearings on all protests filed by a property owner or the designated agent of the owner to be held consecutively. The notice of the hearings must state the date and time that the first hearing will begin, state the date the last hearing will end, and list the order in which the hearings will be held. The order of the hearings listed in the notice may not be changed without the agreement of the property owner or the designated agent of the owner, the chief

appraiser, and the appraisal review board. The board may not reschedule a hearing for which notice is given under this subsection to a date earlier than the seventh day after the date the last hearing was scheduled to end unless agreed to by the property owner or the designated agent of the owner, the chief appraiser, and the appraisal review board. Unless agreed to by the parties, the board must provide written notice of the date and time of the rescheduled hearing to the property owner or the designated agent of the owner not later than the seventh day before the date of the hearing.

- (k) This subsection does not apply to a special panel established under Section 6.425. If an appraisal review board sits in panels to conduct protest hearings, protests shall be randomly assigned to panels, except that the board may consider the type of property subject to the protest or the ground of the protest for the purpose of using the expertise of a particular panel in hearing protests regarding particular types of property or based on particular grounds. If a protest is scheduled to be heard by a particular panel, the protest may not be reassigned to another panel without the consent of the property owner or designated agent. If the appraisal review board has cause to reassign a protest to another panel, a property owner or designated agent may agree to reassignment of the protest or may request that the hearing on the protest be postponed. The board shall postpone the hearing on that request. A change of members of a panel because of a conflict of interest, illness, or inability to continue participating in hearings for the remainder of the day does not constitute reassignment of a protest to another panel.
- (k-1) On the request of a property owner, an appraisal review board to which Section 6.425 applies shall assign a protest relating to property described by Section 6.425(b) to a special panel. In addition, the chairman of the appraisal review board may assign a protest relating to property not described by Section 6.425(b) to a special panel as authorized by Section 6.425(f). Protests assigned to special panels shall be randomly assigned to those panels. If a protest is scheduled to be heard by a particular special panel, the protest may not be reassigned to another special panel without the consent of the property owner or designated agent. If the board has cause to reassign a protest to another special panel, a property owner or designated agent may agree to reassignment of the protest or may request that the hearing on the protest be postponed. The board shall postpone the hearing on that request. A change of members of a special panel because of a conflict of interest, illness, or inability to continue participating in hearings for the remainder of the day does not constitute reassignment of a protest to another special panel.
- (p) At the end of a hearing on a protest, the appraisal review board shall provide the property owner or the designated agent of the owner one or more documents indicating that the members of the board hearing the protest signed the affidavit required by Subsection (g).

SECTION _____. Section 41.71, Tax Code, is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 41.71. EVENING AND WEEKEND HEARINGS. (a) An appraisal review board by rule shall provide for hearings on protests [in the evening or] on a Saturday or after 5 p.m. on a weekday [Sunday].

(b) The board may not schedule:

(1) the first hearing on a protest held on a weekday evening to begin after 7 p.m.; or

(2) a hearing on a protest on a Sunday.

SECTION _____. Section 41A.06(b), Tax Code, as effective September 1, 2017, is amended to read as follows:

- (b) To initially qualify to serve as an arbitrator under this chapter, a person must:
 - (1) meet the following requirements, as applicable:
 - (A) be licensed as an attorney in this state; or
 - (B) have:
- (i) completed at least 30 hours of training in arbitration and alternative dispute resolution procedures from a university, college, or legal or real estate trade association; and
- (ii) been licensed or certified continuously during the five years preceding the date the person agrees to serve as an arbitrator as:
- (a) a real estate broker or sales agent under Chapter 1101, Occupations Code;
 - (b) a real estate appraiser under Chapter 1103, Occupations

Code; or

- (c) a certified public accountant under Chapter 901, Occupations Code; [and]
- (2) complete the course for training and education of appraisal review board members established under Section 5.041 and be issued a certificate indicating course completion;
- (3) complete the training program on property tax law for the training and education of arbitrators established under Section 5.043; and
 - (4) agree to conduct an arbitration for a fee that is not more than:
- (A) \$400, if the property qualifies as the owner's residence homestead under Section 11.13 and the appraised or market value, as applicable, of the property is \$500,000 or less, as determined by the order;
- (B) \$450, if the property qualifies as the owner's residence homestead under Section 11.13 and the appraised or market value, as applicable, of the property is more than \$500,000, as determined by the order;
- (C) \$450, if the property does not qualify as the owner's residence homestead under Section 11.13 and the appraised or market value, as applicable, of the property is \$1 million or less, as determined by the order;
- (D) \$750, if the property does not qualify as the owner's residence homestead under Section 11.13 and the appraised or market value, as applicable, of the property is more than \$1 million but not more than \$2 million, as determined by the order;
- (E) \$1,000, if the property does not qualify as the owner's residence homestead under Section 11.13 and the appraised or market value, as applicable, of the property is more than \$2 million but not more than \$3 million, as determined by the order; or
- (F) \$1,500, if the property does not qualify as the owner's residence homestead under Section 11.13 and the appraised or market value, as applicable, of the property is more than \$3 million but not more than \$5 million, as determined by the order.

SECTION _____. Section 41A.061(b), Tax Code, is amended to read as follows:

- (b) To renew the person's agreement to serve as an arbitrator, the person must:
- (1) file a renewal application with the comptroller at the time and in the manner prescribed by the comptroller;
- (2) continue to meet the requirements provided by Sections 41A.06(b)(1) and (4) [Section 41A.06(b)]; and
- (3) during the preceding two years have completed at least eight hours of continuing education in arbitration and alternative dispute resolution procedures offered by a university, college, real estate trade association, or legal association.

SECTION _____. Section 41A.09(b), Tax Code, is amended to read as follows:

- (b) An award under this section:
- (1) must include a determination of the appraised or market value, as applicable, of the property that is the subject of the appeal;
- (2) may include any remedy or relief a court may order under Chapter 42 in an appeal relating to the appraised or market value of property;
- (3) shall specify the arbitrator's fee, which may not exceed the amount provided by Section $41A.06(b)(4) \left[\frac{41A.06(b)(2)}{2}\right]$;
- (4) is final and may not be appealed except as permitted under Section 171.088, Civil Practice and Remedies Code, for an award subject to that section; and
- (5) may be enforced in the manner provided by Subchapter D, Chapter 171, Civil Practice and Remedies Code.

SECTION _____. Section 45.105(e), Education Code, is amended to read as follows:

(e) The governing body of an independent school district that governs a junior college district under Subchapter B, Chapter 130, in a county with a population of more than two million may dedicate a specific percentage of the local tax levy to the use of the junior college district for facilities and equipment or for the maintenance and operating expenses of the junior college district. To be effective, the dedication must be made by the governing body on or before the date on which the governing body adopts its tax rate for a year. The amount of local tax funds derived from the percentage of the local tax levy dedicated to a junior college district from a tax levy may not exceed the amount that would be levied by five percent of the no-new-revenue [effective] tax rate for the tax year calculated as provided by Section 26.04, Tax Code, on all property taxable by the school district. All real property purchased with these funds is the property of the school district, but is subject to the exclusive control of the governing body of the junior college district for as long as the junior college district uses the property for educational purposes.

SECTION _____. Section 403.302(o), Government Code, is amended to read as follows:

(o) The comptroller shall adopt rules governing the conduct of the study after consultation with the comptroller's property tax administration advisory board [Comptroller's Property Value Study Advisory Committee].

SECTION _____. Section 102.007(d), Local Government Code, is amended to read as follows:

- (d) An adopted budget must contain a cover page that includes:
- (1) one of the following statements in 18-point or larger type that accurately describes the adopted budget:

- (A) "This budget will raise more revenue from property taxes than last year's budget by an amount of (insert total dollar amount of increase), which is a (insert percentage increase) percent increase from last year's budget. The property tax revenue to be raised from new property added to the tax roll this year is (insert amount computed by multiplying the proposed tax rate by the value of new property added to the roll).";
- (B) "This budget will raise less revenue from property taxes than last year's budget by an amount of (insert total dollar amount of decrease), which is a (insert percentage decrease) percent decrease from last year's budget. The property tax revenue to be raised from new property added to the tax roll this year is (insert amount computed by multiplying the proposed tax rate by the value of new property added to the roll)."; or
- (C) "This budget will raise the same amount of revenue from property taxes as last year's budget. The property tax revenue to be raised from new property added to the tax roll this year is (insert amount computed by multiplying the proposed tax rate by the value of new property added to the roll).";
- (2) the record vote of each member of the governing body by name voting on the adoption of the budget;
- (3) the municipal property tax rates for the preceding fiscal year, and each municipal property tax rate that has been adopted or calculated for the current fiscal year, including:
 - (A) the property tax rate;
 - (B) the no-new-revenue [effective] tax rate;
 - (C) the no-new-revenue [effective] maintenance and operations tax rate;
 - (D) the rollback tax rate; and
 - (E) the debt rate; and
 - (4) the total amount of municipal debt obligations.

SECTION _____. Section 111.008(d), Local Government Code, is amended to read as follows:

- (d) An adopted budget must contain a cover page that includes:
- (1) one of the following statements in 18-point or larger type that accurately describes the adopted budget:
- (A) "This budget will raise more revenue from property taxes than last year's budget by an amount of (insert total dollar amount of increase), which is a (insert percentage increase) percent increase from last year's budget. The property tax revenue to be raised from new property added to the tax roll this year is (insert amount computed by multiplying the proposed tax rate by the value of new property added to the roll).";
- (B) "This budget will raise less revenue from property taxes than last year's budget by an amount of (insert total dollar amount of decrease), which is a (insert percentage decrease) percent decrease from last year's budget. The property tax revenue to be raised from new property added to the tax roll this year is (insert amount computed by multiplying the proposed tax rate by the value of new property added to the roll)."; or

- (C) "This budget will raise the same amount of revenue from property taxes as last year's budget. The property tax revenue to be raised from new property added to the tax roll this year is (insert amount computed by multiplying the proposed tax rate by the value of new property added to the roll).";
- (2) the record vote of each member of the commissioners court by name voting on the adoption of the budget;
- (3) the county property tax rates for the preceding fiscal year, and each county property tax rate that has been adopted or calculated for the current fiscal year, including:
 - (A) the property tax rate;
 - (B) the no-new-revenue [effective] tax rate;
 - (C) the no-new-revenue effective maintenance and operations tax rate;
 - (D) the rollback tax rate; and
 - (E) the debt rate; and
 - (4) the total amount of county debt obligations.

SECTION _____. Section 111.039(d), Local Government Code, is amended to read as follows:

- (d) An adopted budget must contain a cover page that includes:
- (1) one of the following statements in 18-point or larger type that accurately describes the adopted budget:
- (A) "This budget will raise more revenue from property taxes than last year's budget by an amount of (insert total dollar amount of increase), which is a (insert percentage increase) percent increase from last year's budget. The property tax revenue to be raised from new property added to the tax roll this year is (insert amount computed by multiplying the proposed tax rate by the value of new property added to the roll).";
- (B) "This budget will raise less revenue from property taxes than last year's budget by an amount of (insert total dollar amount of decrease), which is a (insert percentage decrease) percent decrease from last year's budget. The property tax revenue to be raised from new property added to the tax roll this year is (insert amount computed by multiplying the proposed tax rate by the value of new property added to the roll)."; or
- (C) "This budget will raise the same amount of revenue from property taxes as last year's budget. The property tax revenue to be raised from new property added to the tax roll this year is (insert amount computed by multiplying the proposed tax rate by the value of new property added to the roll).";
- (2) the record vote of each member of the commissioners court by name voting on the adoption of the budget;
- (3) the county property tax rates for the preceding fiscal year, and each county property tax rate that has been adopted or calculated for the current fiscal year, including:
 - (A) the property tax rate;
 - (B) the no-new-revenue [effective] tax rate;
 - (C) the no-new-revenue [effective] maintenance and operations tax rate;
 - (D) the rollback tax rate; and
 - (E) the debt rate; and

- (4) the total amount of county debt obligations.
- SECTION _____. Section 111.068(c), Local Government Code, is amended to read as follows:
 - (c) An adopted budget must contain a cover page that includes:
- (1) one of the following statements in 18-point or larger type that accurately describes the adopted budget:
- (A) "This budget will raise more revenue from property taxes than last year's budget by an amount of (insert total dollar amount of increase), which is a (insert percentage increase) percent increase from last year's budget. The property tax revenue to be raised from new property added to the tax roll this year is (insert amount computed by multiplying the proposed tax rate by the value of new property added to the roll).";
- (B) "This budget will raise less revenue from property taxes than last year's budget by an amount of (insert total dollar amount of decrease), which is a (insert percentage decrease) percent decrease from last year's budget. The property tax revenue to be raised from new property added to the tax roll this year is (insert amount computed by multiplying the proposed tax rate by the value of new property added to the roll)."; or
- (C) "This budget will raise the same amount of revenue from property taxes as last year's budget. The property tax revenue to be raised from new property added to the tax roll this year is (insert amount computed by multiplying the proposed tax rate by the value of new property added to the roll).";
- (2) the record vote of each member of the commissioners court by name voting on the adoption of the budget;
- (3) the county property tax rates for the preceding fiscal year, and each county property tax rate that has been adopted or calculated for the current fiscal year, including:
 - (A) the property tax rate;
 - (B) the no-new-revenue [effective] tax rate;
 - (C) the no-new-revenue [effective] maintenance and operations tax rate;
 - (D) the rollback tax rate; and
 - (E) the debt rate; and
 - (4) the total amount of county debt obligations.
- (19) Strike the recital to SECTION 14 of the bill and substitute the following, appropriately numbered:
- SECTION ___. Section 140.010, Local Government Code, is amended by amending Subsections (a), (d), (e), (f), and (g) and adding Subsection (e-1) to read as follows:
- (20) In SECTION 14 of the bill, in amended Section 140.010, Local Government Code, strike amended Subsections (a), (e), and (f) and added Subsection (e-1) and substitute the following:
 - (a) In this section:
- (1) "No-new-revenue[, "effective] tax rate" and "rollback tax rate" mean the no-new-revenue [effective] tax rate and rollback tax rate of a county or municipality, as applicable, as calculated under Chapter 26, Tax Code.

	(2)	"Small	taxing	unit"	has	the	meaning	assigned	by	Section	26.012,	Tax
Code.												

(d) A county or municipality that proposes a property tax rate that does not exceed the lower of the no-new-revenue [effective] tax rate or the rollback tax rate shall provide the following notice:

"NOTICE OF (INSERT CURRENT TAX YEAR) TAX YEAR PROPOSED PROPERTY TAX RATE FOR (INSERT NAME OF COUNTY OR MUNICIPALITY)

"A tax rate of \$_____ per \$100 valuation has been proposed by the governing body of (insert name of county or municipality).

PROPOSED TAX RATE

PRECEDING YEAR'S TAX RATE \$ per \$100

NO-NEW-REVENUE [EFFECTIVE] TAX RATE per \$100

"The no-new-revenue [effective] tax rate is the total tax rate needed to raise the same amount of property tax revenue for (insert name of county or municipality) from the same properties in both the (insert preceding tax year) tax year and the (insert current tax year) tax year.

"YOUR TAXES OWED UNDER ANY OF THE ABOVE RATES CAN BE CALCULATED AS FOLLOWS:

property tax amount = (rate) x (taxable value of your property) / 100

"For assistance or detailed information about tax calculations, please contact:

(insert name of county or municipal tax assessor-collector)

(insert name of county or municipality) tax assessor-collector

(insert address)

(insert telephone number)

(insert e-mail address)

(insert Internet website address[, if applicable])"

(e) A county or municipality that is a small taxing unit and that proposes a property tax rate that exceeds the lower of the no-new-revenue [effective] tax rate or the rollback tax rate shall provide the following notice:

"NOTICE OF (INSERT CURRENT TAX YEAR) TAX YEAR PROPOSED PROPERTY TAX RATE FOR (INSERT NAME OF COUNTY OR MUNICIPALITY)

"A tax rate of \$____ per \$100 valuation has been proposed for adoption by the governing body of (insert name of county or municipality). This rate exceeds the lower of the no-new-revenue [effective] or rollback tax rate, and state law requires that two public hearings be held by the governing body before adopting the proposed tax rate. The governing body of (insert name of county or municipality) proposes to use revenue attributable to the tax rate increase for the purpose of (description of purpose of increase).

PROPOSED TAX RATE	\$ per \$100
PRECEDING YEAR'S TAX RATE	\$ per \$100
NO-NEW-REVENUE [EFFECTIVE] TAX RATE	\$ per \$100
ROLLBACK TAX RATE	\$ per \$100

"The <u>no-new-revenue</u> [effective] tax rate is the total tax rate needed to raise the same amount of property tax revenue for (insert name of county or municipality) from the same properties in both the (insert preceding tax year) tax year and the (insert current tax year) tax year.

"The rollback tax rate is the highest tax rate that (insert name of county or municipality) may adopt before the voters are entitled to petition for an election to limit the rate that may be approved to the rollback tax rate.

"YOUR TAXES OWED UNDER ANY OF THE ABOVE RATES CAN BE CALCULATED AS FOLLOWS:

property tax amount = (rate) x (taxable value of your property) / 100 "For assistance or detailed information about tax calculations, please contact:

(insert name of county or municipal tax assessor-collector)

(insert name of county or municipality) tax assessor-collector

(insert address)

(insert telephone number)

(insert e-mail address)

(insert Internet website address[, if applicable])

"You are urged to attend and express your views at the following public hearings on the proposed tax rate:

First Hearing: (insert date and time) at (insert location of meeting).

Second Hearing: (insert date and time) at (insert location of meeting)."

(e-1) A county or municipality that is not a small taxing unit and that proposes a property tax rate that exceeds the lower of the no-new-revenue tax rate or the rollback tax rate shall provide the following notice:

"NOTICE OF (INSERT CURRENT TAX YEAR) TAX YEAR PROPOSED PROPERTY TAX RATE FOR (INSERT NAME OF COUNTY OR MUNICIPALITY)

"A tax rate of \$_____ per \$100 valuation has been proposed for adoption by the governing body of (insert name of county or municipality). This rate exceeds the lower of the no-new-revenue or rollback tax rate, and state law requires that two public hearings be held by the governing body before adopting the proposed tax rate. The governing body of (insert name of county or municipality) proposes to use revenue attributable to the tax rate increase for the purpose of (description of purpose of increase).

PROPOSED TAX RATE	\$ per \$100
PRECEDING YEAR'S TAX RATE	\$ per \$100
NO-NEW-REVENUE TAX RATE	\$ per \$100
ROLLBACK TAX RATE	\$ per \$100

"The no-new-revenue tax rate is the total tax rate needed to raise the same amount of property tax revenue for (insert name of county or municipality) from the same properties in both the (insert preceding tax year) tax year and the (insert current tax year) tax year.

"The rollback tax rate is the highest tax rate that (insert name of county or municipality) may adopt before the (insert "county" or "city") is required to hold an election to limit the rate that may be approved to the rollback tax rate.

"YOUR TAXES OWED UNDER ANY OF THE ABOVE RATES CAN BE CALCULATED AS FOLLOWS:

property tax amount = (rate) x (taxable value of your property) / 100 "For assistance or detailed information about tax calculations, please contact:

(insert name of county or municipal tax assessor-collector)

(insert name of county or municipality) tax assessor-collector

(insert address)

(insert telephone number)

(insert e-mail address)

(insert Internet website address)

"You are urged to attend and express your views at the following public hearings on the proposed tax rate:

First Hearing: (insert date and time) at (insert location of meeting).

Second Hearing: (insert date and time) at (insert location of meeting)."

- (f) A county or municipality shall:
- (1) provide the notice required by Subsection (d), [ex] (e), or (e-1), as applicable, not later than the later of September 1 or the 30th day after the first date that the taxing unit has received each applicable certified appraisal roll by:
 - (A) publishing the notice in a newspaper having general circulation in:
 - (i) the county, in the case of notice published by a county; or
- (ii) the county in which the municipality is located or primarily located, in the case of notice published by a municipality; or
 - (B) mailing the notice to each property owner in:
 - (i) the county, in the case of notice provided by a county; or
- (ii) the municipality, in the case of notice provided by a municipality; and
- (2) post the notice prominently on the home page of the Internet website of the county or municipality[, if applicable,] beginning not later than the later of September 1 or the 30th day after the first date that the taxing unit has received each applicable certified appraisal roll and continuing until the county or municipality adopts a tax rate.
- (21) In SECTION 19 of the bill, in amended Section 49.236(a), Water Code, as added by Chapter 335 (S.B. 392), Acts of the 78th Legislature, Regular Session, 2003, strike Subdivision (1) of the subsection and substitute the following:
 - (1) contain a statement in substantially the following form:

"NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING ON TAX RATE

"The (name of the district) will hold a public hearing on a proposed tax rate for the tax year (year of tax levy) on (date and time) at (meeting place). Your individual taxes may increase at a greater or lesser rate, or even decrease, depending on the tax rate that is adopted and on the change in the taxable value of your property in relation to the change in taxable value of all other property [and the tax rate that is adopted]. The change in the taxable value of your property in relation to the change in the taxable value of all other property determines the distribution of the tax burden among all property owners.

"(Names of all board members and, if a vote was taken, an indication of how each voted on the proposed tax rate and an indication of any absences.)";

(22) Strike SECTIONS 20 and 21 of the bill and substitute the following appropriately numbered SECTIONS:

SECTION . The following provisions are repealed:

- (1) Sections 403.302(m-1) and (n), Government Code;
- (2) Sections 5.103(e) and (f), Tax Code;
- (3) Section 6.412(e), Tax Code;
- (4) Section 41A.06(c), Tax Code;
- (5) Section 49.236, Water Code, as added by Chapter 248 (H.B. 1541), Acts of the 78th Legislature, Regular Session, 2003; and
 - (6) Section 49.2361, Water Code.

SECTION ____. Section 5.041, Tax Code, as amended by this Act, applies only to an appraisal review board member appointed to serve a term of office that begins on or after January 1, 2018.

SECTION ____. The comptroller shall implement Section 5.043, Tax Code, as added by this Act, as soon as practicable after January 1, 2018.

SECTION ____. (a) The comptroller shall comply with Sections 5.07(f), (g), (h), and (i), Tax Code, as added by this Act, as soon as practicable after January 1, 2018.

(b) The comptroller shall comply with Section 5.091, Tax Code, as amended by this Act, not later than January 1, 2021.

SECTION ___. The comptroller shall prepare and make available the survey form and instructions for completing and submitting the form required by Section 5.104, Tax Code, as added by this Act, as soon as practicable after January 1, 2018. An appraisal district is not required to provide the survey form or instructions under a requirement of that section until the form and instructions are prepared and made available by the comptroller.

SECTION ____. Section 6.41(d-9), Tax Code, as amended by this Act, applies only to the appointment of appraisal review board members to terms beginning on or after January 1, 2019.

SECTION ___. Section 6.412, Tax Code, as amended by this Act, does not affect the eligibility of a person serving on an appraisal review board immediately before January 1, 2018, to continue to serve on the board for the term to which the member was appointed.

SECTION ___. Section 6.42(d), Tax Code, as added by this Act, applies only to a recommendation, determination, decision, or other action by an appraisal review board or a panel of such a board on or after January 1, 2018. A recommendation, determination, decision, or other action by an appraisal review board or a panel of such a board before January 1, 2018, is governed by the law as it existed immediately before that date, and that law is continued in effect for that purpose.

SECTION ___. Section 23.02, Tax Code, as amended by this Act, applies only to the reappraisal of property located in an area that is declared to be a disaster area by the governor on or after January 1, 2018. The reappraisal of property located in an area that was declared to be a disaster area by the governor before January 1, 2018, is governed by the law as it existed immediately before that date, and that law is continued in effect for that purpose.

- SECTION ____. (a) An appraisal district established in a county with a population of 120,000 or more and each taxing unit located wholly or partly in such an appraisal district shall comply with Sections 26.04(e-2), 26.05(d-1) and (d-2), 26.17, and 26.18, Tax Code, as added by this Act, beginning with the 2019 tax year.
- (b) An appraisal district established in a county with a population of less than 120,000 and each taxing unit located wholly in such an appraisal district shall comply with Sections 26.04(e-2), 26.05(d-1) and (d-2), 26.17, and 26.18, Tax Code, as added by this Act, beginning with the 2020 tax year.

SECTION ____. A taxing unit that does not own, operate, or control an Internet website is not required to comply with Sections 26.05(b)(2) and 26.065(b), Tax Code, as amended by this Act, until the first tax year in which the unit is required by law to maintain or have access to an Internet website.

SECTION ____. (a) Except as provided by Subsections (b) and (c) of this section, the changes in law made by this Act to Chapter 41, Tax Code, apply only to a protest for which the notice of protest was filed by a property owner or the designated agent of the owner with the appraisal review board established for an appraisal district on or after January 1, 2018.

- (b) Section 41.03(a), Tax Code, as amended by this Act, applies only to a challenge under Chapter 41, Tax Code, for which a challenge petition is filed on or after January 1, 2018. A challenge under Chapter 41, Tax Code, for which a challenge petition was filed before January 1, 2018, is governed by the law in effect on the date the challenge petition was filed, and the former law is continued in effect for that purpose.
- (c) Sections 41.45 and 41.66, Tax Code, as amended by this Act, apply only to a protest filed under Chapter 41, Tax Code, on or after January 1, 2019. A protest filed under that chapter before January 1, 2019, is governed by the law in effect on the date the protest was filed, and the former law is continued in effect for that purpose.

SECTION ____. The changes in law made by this Act in the qualifications of persons serving as arbitrators in binding arbitrations of appeals of appraisal review board orders do not affect the entitlement of a person serving as an arbitrator immediately before January 1, 2018, to continue to serve as an arbitrator and to conduct hearings on arbitrations until the person is required to renew the person's agreement with the comptroller to serve as an arbitrator. The changes in law apply only to a person who initially qualifies to serve as an arbitrator or who renews the person's agreement with the comptroller to serve as an arbitrator on or after January 1, 2018. This Act does not prohibit a person who is serving as an arbitrator on January 1, 2018, from renewing the person's agreement with the comptroller to serve as an arbitrator if the person has the qualifications required for an arbitrator under the Tax Code as amended by this Act.

SECTION ____. (a) Except as otherwise provided by this Act, this Act takes effect January 1, 2018.

- (b) The following provisions take effect September 1, 2018:
 - (1) Sections 6.41(b) and (d-9), Tax Code, as amended by this Act;
 - (2) Sections 6.41(b-1), (b-2), and (d-10), Tax Code, as added by this Act;
 - (3) Section 6.414(d), Tax Code, as amended by this Act;
 - (4) Section 6.425, Tax Code, as added by this Act;

- (5) Section 41.44(d), Tax Code, as amended by this Act;
- (6) Section 41.45(d), Tax Code, as amended by this Act;
- (7) Sections 41.45(d-1), (d-2), and (d-3), Tax Code, as added by this Act;
- (8) Section 41.66(k), Tax Code, as amended by this Act; and
- (9) Section 41.66(k-1), Tax Code, as added by this Act.
- (c) The following provisions take effect January 1, 2019:
- (1) Sections 26.04(d-1), (d-2), (e-2), (e-3), and (e-4), Tax Code, as added by this Act:
 - (2) Sections 26.04(e-1) and (g), Tax Code, as amended by this Act;
 - (3) Sections 26.05(d-1) and (d-2), Tax Code, as added by this Act; and
 - (4) Section 26.05(e), Tax Code, as amended by this Act.
 - (23) Renumber the SECTIONS of the bill accordingly.

The amendments were read.

Senator Bettencourt moved that the Senate do not concur in the House amendments, but that a conference committee be appointed to adjust the differences between the two Houses on the bill.

The motion prevailed without objection.

The President asked if there were any motions to instruct the conference committee on SB 1 before appointment.

There were no motions offered.

The President announced the appointment of the following conferees on the part of the Senate: Senators Bettencourt, Chair; Buckingham, Creighton, Hancock, and Taylor of Collin.

CO-AUTHORS OF SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION 1

On motion of Senator Burton, Senators Bettencourt and Campbell will be shown as Co-authors of **SJR 1**.

CO-SPONSOR OF HOUSE BILL 21

On motion of Senator Taylor of Galveston, Senator Nelson will be shown as Co-sponsor of **HB 21**.

RESOLUTIONS OF RECOGNITION

The following resolutions were adopted by the Senate:

Memorial Resolutions

SR 136 by Lucio, In memory of Robert Cabler.

HCR 34 (Seliger), In memory of Frank Ronald Galitski of Amarillo.

Congratulatory Resolutions

SR 134 by Kolkhost, Recognizing James Rothermel on the occasion of his 99th birthday.

SR 137 by Lucio, Recognizing Michael Black on the occasion of his retirement.

SR 138 by Watson, Recognizing the Austin Center for Grief and Loss for 10 years of service to the community.

SR 139 by Watson, Recognizing International Business Machines Corporation for 50 years in Austin.

SR 140 by Nelson, Recognizing the Highland Village Lions Club on the occasion of the 30th Highland Village Balloon Festival and Fair.

SR 141 by Rodríguez, Recognizing Isabel Baca for receiving a 2017 Regents' Outstanding Teaching Award.

SR 142 by Rodríguez, Recognizing Song An for receiving a 2017 Regents' Outstanding Teaching Award.

SR 143 by Rodríguez, Recognizing Ann Branan Horak for receiving a 2017 Regents' Outstanding Teaching Award.

Official Designation Resolution

SR 135 by Garcia, Recognizing August 22, 2017, as Michael Pollard–YOGI Bear Mentoring Day.

ADJOURNMENT

On motion of Senator Whitmire, the Senate at 12:35 a.m. Tuesday, August 15, 2017, adjourned until 12:37 a.m. today.

APPENDIX

BILL ENROLLED

August 13, 2017

SB 6

SENT TO GOVERNOR

August 14, 2017

SB 6